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HUBBUCK'S BRITISH GREEN PAINT.
HUBBUCK'S BINNACLE AND COLZA OILS.
HUBBUCK'S PAINTS, OIL, and VARNISHES properly packed for exportation.
Beware of counterfeits of Name and Trade Mark.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED,
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,988—New Series. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1893.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
CONTAINING
The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats and Dak Companies, Places of Interest along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, the Routes between the Principal Towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	Saturday. 1893.
B.I. VICTORIA	6268	1500	A. W. Adamson.	25th Feb.
† SIAM	3650	500	H. T. Weighell.	4th March.
B.I. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	11th "
† ASSAM	3069	270	T. F. Creery	18th "
				Tuesday 5 p.m.
Ex. M. PENINSULAR	3045	1200	A. C. Loggin	21st March.
				Saturday
B.I. SHANNON	4189	800	E. Crewe	25th March.
† SIAM	3650	500	H. T. Weighell.	1st April.
B.I. ROME	5145	12 0	A. B. Daniell	8th "
† ASSAM	3069	500	T. F. Creery	15th "
				Tuesday 5 P.M.
Ex. M. PESHAWUR	3927	750	J. F. Jephson	18th April.
				Saturday.
B.I. CARTHAGE	5013	1200	M. de Horne	22nd April.
† SIAM	3650	500	H. T. Weighell	29th "
B.I. VICTORIA	6268	1500	A. W. Adamson	6th May.

The Steamers marked Ex. M. are special through Steamers to London calling at Marseilles.
The Steamers marked B.I. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London.
†* This Vessel proceeds to Aden only, and Passengers transhipp there to a Steamer for Brindisi and London. No Passengers for Marseilles can proceed by this Steamer.

Single and Return Railway Tickets from Brindisi to London by the Mail route can be obtained, and Coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special "P. and O. Express."

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing, or on the afternoon of the previous day.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board, and only hand packages will be received.
The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of destination.

PASSAGE-TICKETS are issued to London via Japan and Vancouver in conjunction with the Canadian-Pacific S. S. Co. Circular Passages, including the return journey to India via the Suez Canal or *vice versa*, can also be engaged.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

Steamers leave Bombay on or about the undernoted dates conveying H. M.'s Mails from Colombo to China.
Passengers for Australia tranship at Colombo.

8th March	19th April
22nd "	3rd May
5th April	17th "

In addition to the above, a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any Port or Ports.
For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, January 11, 1893.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S.N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

ACCELERATED SERVICE TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,194	750	1st Mar. 1893.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,070	750	1st April 1893.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,194	750	1st May 1893.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,070	750	1st June 1893.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.
RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 600	Rs. 360	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 960	Rs. 576

INCLUDING WINE OR BEER SUPPLIED AT MEALS.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothard's, and other routes.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd, and BRINDISI on the 5th, of each month.

ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE, VIA ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
GISELA	G. Nicolich	4,253	350	9th April 1893.
MARIA TERESA	R. Doerries	3,073	500	9th May "
MARIA VALERIE	A. Mitis	4,260	350	9th June "

RATES OF PASSAGE BY THIS ROUTE.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 600	Rs. 250	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS AVAILABLE for SIX MONTHS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class
TO TRIESTE	Rs. 700	Rs. 400

STEAMERS for BOMBAY LEAVE TRIESTE on the 21st of each month.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
MARIA VALERIE	A. Mitis	4,260	350	21st Mar.

Connecting at Colombo with the s.s. NIOBE to Madras and Calcutta.
For further Particulars, Freight, Passage, &c, apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay, February 23, 1893.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

BOMBAY TO MESSINA, NAPLES AND GENOA, calling at ALEXANDRIA, 9th March, 6th April, and 4th May.
BOMBAY TO HONGKONG, calling at SINGAPORE, 11th March.
For particulars regarding Freights, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BRANCHI,
Acting Agent.
Sassoon House: Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 15, 1893.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
HISPANIA	3,380	S. Abrey	25th Feb.
ASIA	3,560	Capt. Jas. Laird	1st April.
ARMENIA	3,385	W.C. Haynes, R.N.R.	10th "
ARABIA	3,544	C. H. Hillcoat	29th "
PERSIA	3,547	R. Hutchison	18th May.
HISPANIA	3,380	S. Abrey	3rd June.

Passengers can book through to London (Overland from Marseilles) on favourable terms.
The Railway Journey from Marseilles to London occupies thirty hours.
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First Class Passengers.
All the Cabins are on the Upper Deck.
For Rates of Passage and further particulars, apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings: Bombay, February 22, 1893.

GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,

BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES booked without charge and on the most favourable terms. Berth carefully selected, with special attention to grouping.
SLEEPING CAR AND CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS, MISSIONARIES, &c., booked on terms of existing concessions.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS AND SOVEREIGNS, at current rates.
HAND-BOOKS supplied gratis, and general information promptly given.
LONDON AGENTS.—MESSRS. GRINDLAY & Co.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

BANKERS AND ARMY AGENTS.

PASSAGES PROMPTLY ENGAGED by P. & O. MAIL, and all other Steamers, including non-Liners, FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.
FAVORABLE ARRANGEMENTS for securing Berths according to individual requirements.
THROUGH TICKETS issued available from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe.
CONTINENTAL TRAVELLING TICKETS issued, available by any route, and allowing breaks of Journey at all places of interest.
PASSENGERS met with COOK'S Tickets met and assisted at London, Liverpool, Brindisi, Naples, Rome, Marseilles, Paris, and all Chief Continental Ports and Cities.
OUTWARD PASSAGES engaged and Tickets supplied from any part of the World to India.
HOTEL COUPONS available at over 1,200 Hotels.
SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Civil and Military Officers to Europe via China and America.
HEAVY BAGGAGE received and forwarded.
INSURANCE POLICIES against death by accident issued, Insurance of Passengers' Baggage effected.
CIRCULAR NOTES and LETTERS OF CREDIT issued for the use of Travellers in all parts of the World.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.
DEPOSITS received. Rate of interest on application.
INTEREST, PAY AND PENSIONS collected and every description of Banking and Money Agency transacted.
Handbook of Information free on application.

BOMBAY: 13, Rampart Row.
CALCUTTA: Old Court House Street.

A LECTURE READ BY PROFESSOR JAMES DARMESTETER

(In Pamphlet form),
Reprinted from the *Bombay Gazette*,
Annas 2. Post free.
We in leaflet that "Bombay Gazette" Press;

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE VIA KATHIAWAR COAST.

S. S. "KAPURTHALA," 1,122 tons, on the 25th February, at 10 a. m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie and Karachi.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KILWA," 1,558 tons, on the 26th February, at 11 a.m. or thereafter on arrival of the English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Bussrah, in the foregoing order.

FOR KARACHI VIA KATHIAWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, on the 1st March, at 10 a.m., calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandvie, and Karachi.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 2,997 tons, on the 2nd March, at 2 p.m., calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 21th February, 1893. Agents.

KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. & O. and all Steamers at the lowest rates obtainable free of charge for Commission.

Lists of the LATEST SAILINGS, with Fares and full information as to berths available, furnished at once.

Special attention paid to the grouping of those wishing to travel 2nd Class P. & O. Every assistance rendered to Passengers arriving in Bombay for embarkation. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and shipped.

PACKAGES of every description received for despatch as CARGO to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine insurance effected at the lowest rates. QUOTATIONS FURNISHED on APPLICATION.

CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS by all routes sold at current rates.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., Calcutta. R. B. KING, Hyderabad.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

"MacIVER" LINE.

THE following STEAMERS WILL SAIL from BOMBAY as under, unless prevented by unforeseen circumstances :—

	Tons.	Capt.	About
LYCIA	3139	McNay	26th Feb. for Liverpool.

These Steamers carry a Surgeon and Stewardess, are fitted with Electric Light, and have all Cabins amidships.
For further particulars apply to

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

CITY LINE.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL VIA KARACHI.

Vessel.	Capt.	Tons.	To sail
CITY OF DUNDEE	E. Halley	3190	About 11th March

THIS STEAMER, which is lighted throughout with the Electric Light, and has all the latest improvements, carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins on Deck amidships. Punkhas and every comfort for First-Class Passengers. Crew entirely European. Apply to

SIR CHARLES FORBES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 23rd February 1893.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hard ware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting Powder, Fuses, Red Lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig Lead, all sorts of Paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well-known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

FOR SALE.

SNOW FLAKE KEROSINE OIL 150°, arrived.
A fresh consignment, ex-Paul Revere,
Orders for large and small quantities will be attended to.

હેપલ્લા શેકઆદમની કું૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs Curtis's and Harvey's Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

HOMEWARD BOUND

WILL FIND EVERY REQUIREMENT.
THE BEST GOODS ONLY AT LOWEST PRICES.

HOAR & CO., BOMBAY. | "THE NOTED TRAVELLERS, OUTFITTERS."

URGENTLY NEEDED.

BY THE SISTERS OF THE CHURCH.
CHURCH EXTENSION ASSOCIATION,
VEPERY SQUARE, MADRAS.

CAST OFF CLOTHING and GIFTS of every description. Expenses of transit will be defrayed by the Society if desired. Also Donations towards the Establishment of a Permanent Home.

MRS. MARIE C. BOND,
DIPLOMAED MIDWIFE,
255, ARTHUR ROAD,
(Near the Railway Station)
CHINCHPOOGLY, BOMBAY.

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT in Gynæcological cases, Uteri diseases, Obstetrics, and all Diseases peculiar to Females
Has had 19 years' practical experience in most intricate and difficult cases, all of which have been successfully treated,
Having in that branch of my professional duties, to which I have more especially devoted my attention, treated some hundreds of cases with the utmost success both in Obstretics and Gynæcology in every feature of disease, I am in a position to confidently offer the public my services with a certainty of success in each ailment.
I am aware that I am indebted to numerous patients for their friendly wishes and recommendations to such I take this opportunity of tendering my thanks again, assuring them of my continued devotion to the interests of those who may favor me with their confidence.
☞ Strict privacy observed in all cases, and contracts for cure entered into.

AN ACKNOWLEDGMENT
(By Kind Permission.)

I have much pleasure in giving Mrs. Bond a certificate and can confidently recommend her to any Lady requiring at thoroughly practical and experienced Nurse. She has been with me in conjunction with Dr. . . . . through a very critical illness and thanks to her care and constant attendance I have got safely over it. Indeed, she has been more like a mother to me than a Nurse, and I shall never forget her wherever I may be. The Doctor's opinion coincided exactly with hers in regard to my illness, and I consider her thoroughly qualified to conduct any case without the aid of a medical man, and trust that the Ladies of Bombay will prove her worth as I have done.

SARAH EDMUNDS.
Adelphi Family Hotel, Byculla, Bombay, 15th Sept., 1892.

TO MOFUSSIL AND UP-DOUNTRY PATIENTS.
Those who prefer writing, or who are compelled by distance to adopt that course, will do well to furnish in simple style every particular as to their complaint.
Mofussil and Up-country Patients can have consultation and advice gratis by letter. A FEE OF RS 1 ONLY is made to maintain establishment towards this end.

Postal Address—Mrs. MARIE C. BOND,
Chinchpoogly,
BOMBAY.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvys Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the cause from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottles. Thousands of Testimonials.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS

warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published Weekly on the departure of English Mail.32 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Articles, &c., Indian Subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English Subscription, Rs. 17 per year, including postage.

NOTICES.

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the Byculla Club, will be held at the Club House, on Saturday, the 25th February, 1893, at 6 o'clock P.M.

W. WEBB,
Honorary Secretary.
21st January, 1893.

TENDERS are invited before 5th March for the SUPPLY of FRESH PROVISIONS, LIVE STOCK and FODDER to Her Majesty's Ships and Indian Troopships at Bombay.
Forms and particulars may be obtained on BOARD H. M. S. TENASSERIM, in Bombay Harbour.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

ASHES FOR SALE.

THE Acting Agent is prepared TO RECEIVE at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, 1st March next, Tenders for the PURCHASE of any number out of 11 lots of ASHES, now lying in the Locomotive Works Yard, at Parel, and at Byculla Depot, where the same may be viewed on application.
All lots purchased to beremoved within one month from date of acceptance ofTender. Tenders will not be entertained unless made upon the Company's Form (to be obtained from the Undersigned) and accompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 250 as security for the due fulfilment of the engagement, failure in which will entail forfeiture of the deposit without the necessity of the Company having to prove any loss by the transaction.
Full payment must be made promptly on notification of acceptance of Tender and before delivery is given.
The Acting Agent does not bind himself to accept the highest or any Tender.

W. H. HUSSEY,
Acting Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office: Parel, 21st February, 1893.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

OLD IRON RAILS AND BROKEN CAST IRON POT-SLEEPERS AND CHAIRS.

THIS Company has FOR SALE about 5,000 Tons of DOUBLE HEADED OLD IRON RAILS, 5,000 tons of BROKEN CAST IRON POT-SLEEPERS, 2,000 tons of BROKEN CAST IRON T. W. CHAIRS.
Particulars relating to the same, and forms of tender, may be obtained on application to the Undersigned.
Tenders must be addressed to the Agent of the Company and lodged at his Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, before 1 p.m., on WEDNESDAY, the 15th March, 1893.
The Company reserves the right to reject any or all of the tenders.
A deposit of 5 per cent. will be required on the acceptance of Tender.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office: Parel, 10th January, 1893.

A NOTICE OF INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION.

HER BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SECRETARY OF STATE for INDIA having decided to OFFER REWARDS for the PRODUCTION of DESIGNS and MODELS best adapted for MULE CARTS for the TRANSPORT use of the British Army in India, after practical test in India of a full-sized specimen, hereby announces the following Premia and conditions of award for a competition open to all nations :—

1ST PRIZE—750 (seven hundred and fifty) Pounds Sterling.
2ND PRIZE—500 (five hundred).
3RD PRIZE—375 (three hundred and seventy-five).
4TH PRIZE—250 (two hundred and fifty).
5TH PRIZE—125 (one hundred and twenty-five).

2.—The award of the above Premia will be entirely entrusted to a Jury composed as below :—

PRESIDENT :—
The Quarter Master General of the Army in India.

MEMBERS:—
An Officer detailed by the Director General of Ordnance in India.
An officer detailed by the Commissary-General-in-Chief in India, and three technical members selected from practical Cart or Carriage Builders, wheelwrights, Managers of Railway Carriage Works, or from such unofficial artisan experts as may be appointed by the Government of India.
The President to have the casting vote.
The decision of the Jury in any matter whatever connected with the award of Premia to be considered final, and equally binding upon competitors and upon the Government of India.
Any premium to be paid in India if desired, in rupees, at the exchange prevailing on the date of the award.
3.—The Secretary of State for India guarantees the payment of the Premia on the condition that the Jury certify that on the date fixed for closing the competition at least 25 (twenty-five) designs have been received from as many *bona fide* different competitors. It will be, however, entirely within the power of the Jury to withhold such Premia as it considers not sufficiently deserved by the merits of the designs.
4.—The question of cost being of the highest importance, the designs should give the estimated price in Pounds Sterling, or rupees, of a single cart delivered free on board in London or at Bombay, Calcutta or Allahabad.
As a guarantee of good faith on the part of the competitor as regards estimated cost, he will, if recommended for a premium receive in the first instance only one-half of such premium immediately on its award. He will, however, only receive the same proportion of the other half as represents the proportion by which he may have under-estimated the actual cost of the cart.
It is left to the jury to ascertain by tender in the open market, or by such other means as it considers suitable, what would be the cost of the cart to Government, and to make its award accordingly.
For example, a competitor wins the first premium of £750 for a design which he estimates to cost £30 per cart. He will at once receive £375. The Jury will then take such steps as it thinks advisable to determine the true market value of the cart, and having found it to be £30 or 50 per cent. more than the estimate, would give the designer a premium of £375, plus 50 per cent. on £375, or a total of £562½. If, however, the true market value agreed with the estimate, the competitor would receive the total premium of £750.
5.—The object desired to be attained by this competition is the production of a design, accompanied in all cases by a working model, for a military transport cart adapted to conditions which make the use of interchangeable metal parts for all important portions of the cart absolutely indispensable.
6.—Intending competitors wishing for the fullest details as to the kind of cart required will be supplied with further instructions on application to the Director of Stores, India Office, Westminster, London, S. W., or to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, Calcutta, British India.
Foreign competitors may obtain further particulars on application to the Secretaries of Her Britannic Majesty's Embassies or Legations at the respective capitals, but are recommended to apply, as notified above, to London or Calcutta.
7.—The designs and models framed in needful details should be sent direct to the Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, Calcutta.
No designs or models reaching Calcuta later than the 30th June 1893 will be allowed to compete. The time of transit for Parcel Post from London to Calcutta may be taken at 2½ days.

STEEL BOILERS,

LANCASHIRE, CORNISH & VERTICAL TYPE.
NOW READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY—
30' by 7' by 110 lbs. working pressure. Also vertical boilers of 8, 10, and 12 H.P. Made at our works under inspection of Government Boiler Inspector, of extra quality, Siemens-Martin mild steel—welded tubes; latest improvements in accordance with Manchester Steam Users' Association Specification.

RICHARDSON & CRUDDAS,

BYCULLA IRON WORKS, BOMBAY.

LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and Economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES!
SAVING, 50 PER CENT.
HENRY PEASE AND CO'S SUCCESSORS,
Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
Established 1752,
supply
High-Class Drapery and Dress Materials
DIRECT TO THE CONSUMER,
Without the intervention of Wholesale Merchants, Drapers, Agents or Middlemen.
EXQUISITE DRESS.
Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India.
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
And New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Gold-Medal Merinos and Cashmeres:
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.
SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.
High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.
DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.
Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain, and Salt Water, in light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT or no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
HENRY PEASE & CO.'S SUCCESSORS buy their Wools direct from the English Farmer. After careful sorting and cleansing the wool is spun into yarn, and the yarn woven into the various charming fabrics, for which the firm have been renowned since their establishment in 1752—the entire process of manufacture being carried on in their own Mills at Darlington, employing more than 1,000 hands.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5, Horses standing at Livery on Commission Sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper; Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; Double, Rs. 30. The Horse-Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every Class of Shoeing is done.

CHINA AND GLASS WARE.

BREAKFAST AND TEA SERVICES.
DINNER SERVICES.
CHAMBER SERVICES.
TOILET SETS.
THE LARGEST AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK IN WESTERN INDIA.
HARLEQUIN AND ROCKINGHAM WARE.
DOULTON ART WARE.

TREACHER AND CO., LD.,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

PHILLIPS' PETROLEUM HAIR WASH

is unequalled as a Hair Dresser, Preserver, and Producer; it causes the Hair to grow on bald spots by nourishing and vitalizing the capillaries. Its perfume is exquisite in fragrance, the Petroleum being first refined and its odour overcome.
Price Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-12 per bottle.
PHILLIPS AND CO., LD., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

I have been APPOINTED SOLE AGENT in India for
MELACHRINO'S
CELEBRATED EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES,
And I am now importing their FINEST BRANDS by EVERY Mail at the following rates :—
Per Tin Box of 100 Cigarettes.

NON PLUS ULTRA.	Rs. a.
No. 2 Medium Extra Fine	5 0
,, 1 Large ,, ,,	5 12

FIRST QUALITY.	Rs. a.
No. 7 Small, for Ladies	3 8
,, 5 Medium	4 0
,, 4 Large	4 12
,, 6 Largest	5 8

D. MACROPOLO,

SOLE AGENT,
BOMBAY & CALCUTTA.

BATH REQUISITES.

GENT'S TURKISH BATH GOWNS.
NEAT FANCY PATTERNS.

Cash	or	V.-P. P.
Rs. 14-8		Rs. 14-8

MADE TO ORDER.
MEASUREMENTS REQUIRED: CHEST—LENGTH.

CHRISTIE'S REAL TURKISH TOWELS.

Cash	or	V.-P. P.
Rs. 21 doz.		Rs. 21 doz

EXTRA LARGE SIZE, Rs. 33.

BEST QUALITY TURKISH SPONGES.
DIRECT FROM THE FISHERIES.

Rs 7-8	Rs. 4-4	Rs. 9-8.

EXTRA LARGE, Rs. 10-8.
ALSO ALL TOILET REQUISITES KEPT IN STOCK.
TOOTH POWDER, TOOTH BRUSHES, FACE POWDERS, RAZORS, PERFUMES, &c.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.,

BOMBAY.

THACKER & CO., LTD.

BOMBAY

WE HAVE NOW THE HONOUR OF SUPPLYING OVER 100 MESSES AND CANTEENS THROUGHOUT INDIA.

Your Crest correctly Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
for Rs. 16.

Your Monogram artistically Engraved on Steel
And Embossed on a half-ream of best quality Note Paper, with square Envelopes to match,
for Rs. 16.

Before Engraving Dies of Crests and Monograms, a PENCIL SKETCH is forwarded FREE OF CHARGE, and sunk in Steel when approved of.

STAMPING AND EMBOSSING
From Customers' own Dies, or from Dies already on hand.

	ANY COLOUR.	
PER 100	IMPRESSIONS	Annas 8
PER 1,000	,, ...	Rs. 5 0
	GOLD, SILVER, OR BRONZE.	
PER 100	IMPRESSIONS	Rs. 2 0
PER 1,000	,, ...	,, 17 0
	GOLD AND COLOURS.	

Charges according to amount of work.

VISITING CARDS.

100 GENTLEMEN'S CARDS, one line with Plate	Rs. 3 0
100 LADIES' CARDS, one line with Plate	,, 5 0

Other lines, such as Address and Club, charged Re. 1 per line extra.
THIS RATE IS FOR THICK OR THIN CARDS.
We prefer keeping Steel Dies and Card Plates on hand; we are then accountable for their preservation from rust, scratches, or loss.

To OFFICERS of the Royal Horse Artillery, Royal Artillery, Royal Engineers, Medical Staff, and Indian Medical Service.
SMALL QUANTITIES OF STATIONERY HEADED WITH ANY OF THESE CRESTS ARE ALWAYS ON HAND.
Large quantities can be executed within three or four days from receipt of order.

BALL PROGRAMMES.
A Large Variety in Stock and constant renewals of the latest Designs.
SEND FOR SAMPLES.

MENU CARDS,
Folding and Single, in upwards of 250 varieties of elegant design, plain and illuminated.
PATTERNS FREE.

REGIMENTAL CRESTS.—DIES OF ALL BRITISH AND NATIVE REGIMENTS ON HAND. Estimates and Samples free.

RUBBER STAMPS
Of every description manufactured by a special process, and of a specially prepared Rubber to withstand the Climate.

INVITATION CARDS.
Comprising Invitations to Dinners, at Home, Honorary Members, Marriage, Lawn Tennis, Dances.
WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

When orders for Crests, Monograms, Stationery, &c., are left to our own choosing they are carried out in perfect taste and without extravagant expenditure.

THACKER & CO., Limited, BOMBAY,

Booksellers, Publishers, Stationers,
ENGRAVERS, DIE SINKERS, RELIEF STAMPERS, COPPER-PLATE PRINTERS, LITHOGRAPHERS.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION.

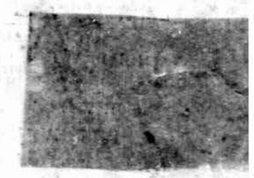
PULVERMACHER'S WORLD-FAMED GALVANIC BELTS, for the cure of NERVOUS COMPLAINTS, have received Testimonials from THREE PHYSICIANS TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN and the leading Physicians of Nine London Hospitals, including Forty Members of the Royal College of Physicians of London.

The distressing symptoms of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, loss of MUSCULAR POWER, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, PARALYSIS, EPILEPSY, &c., are speedily removed by means of **Pulvermacher's World-famed Galvanic Belts**, which convey the electric current direct to the affected parts, gradually stimulating and strengthening all the nerves and muscles, and speedily arresting all symptoms of premature waste and decay.
Dr. C. HANDFIELD JONES, F.R.C.P., F.R.S., Physician to St. Mary's Hospital, says: "I am satisfied that Mr. PULVERMACHER is an honest and earnest labourer in the field of science, and I think he deserves to meet with every encouragement from the profession and scientific men."
Sir CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., Physician to Her Majesty, says: "PULVERMACHER'S BELTS are very effective in Neuralgia and Rheumatic Affections, and I have prescribed them largely in my practice for other similar maladies, paralysis, &c."
For Full Price List and Particulars, see new Pamphlet, "GALVANISM: NATURE'S CHIEF RESTORER OF IMPAIRED VITAL ENERGY." Post free from
PULVERMACHER'S GALVANIC ESTABLISHMENT,
194, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.
ESTABLISHED OVER FORTY YEARS.

CLOCKS! CLOCKS!! CLOCKS!!!

NEW AND LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF CLOCKS OF NEWEST DESIGNS SUITABLE TO ALL PURPOSES.

CLOCKS FOR TURRETS.
CLOCKS FOR TOWERS.
CLOCKS FOR THE DURBAR.
CLOCKS FOR THE HALL.
CLOCKS FOR OFFICERS' MESS.
CLOCKS FOR THE GUARD ROOM.
CLOCKS FOR CHURCHES.
CLOCKS FOR SCHOOLS.
CLOCKS FOR INSTITUTES.
CLOCKS FOR MILLS.
CLOCKS FOR OFFICES.
CLOCKS FOR THE DINING-ROOM
CLOCKS FOR THE STABLE.
BRACKET CLOCKS.
CARRIAGE OR PALKY CLOCKS.
ARMY AND NAVY CLOCKS.
REGULATOR CLOCKS.
GRANDFATHER CLOCKS,
CLOCKS that never require winding, etc., etc.



The last-named one is a New and Novel Invention, which never requires winding, or more acc

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE.
THE ANNUAL MEETING AND PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION
WILL BE HELD
THIS (SATURDAY) EVENING, February 25,
At 4-30,
IN THE ORPHANAGE, MAHIM.
THE HON. H. M. BIRDWOOD HAS KINDLY consented to preside.
All those interested in the Orphanage are cordially invited to attend.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.
TO-DAY, SATURDAY, 25th.
(Military Band at 5-30.
Admission, REDUCED to 4 ANNAS.
EXHIBITION CLOSES THIS EVENING.
Exhibitors will please send for their Pictures at the Secretariat on Monday after 10 A.M.

BOMBAY ART UNION.
THE DRAWING for PRIZES will take place at the EXHIBITION ROOMS, SECRETARIAT, at 5-30 P.M., on Monday next.

EVE'S BOWER
OPEN EVERY EVENING.
A MOST FASCINATING ENTERTAINMENT.
Admission—One Rupee.

HERR CARL WALTHER'S
GRAND MUSICAL SOIREE
Under the Distinguished Patronage & Immediate Presence of THEIR EXCELLENCIES LORD & LADY HARRIS
Will take place on THURSDAY, 2ND MARCH, at 9-30 P.M.
AT READYMONEY HOUSE, MALABAR HILL.
All Seats at Rs. 4 each to be reserved, and only Obtainable from Messrs. SOUNDY & Co., Ld.
The Plan will be closed on the morning of the Soiree.

NOW READY.
"BOMBAY GAZETTE"
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the news of the week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.
Annual Subscription (in advance) .....Rs. 12.
Single Copy .....As. 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

BACK BAY BATH COMPANY.
THE ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING of the BACK BAY BATH Co. will take place on MONDAY, 27th instant, at 5-30 P.M.
H. W. D. SHALLARD,
Honorary Secretary.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Chamber have APPOINTED MONDAY and TUESDAY, 6th and 7th March, 1893, for the purpose of BALLOTING for the ELECTION of CHAIRMAN of the Chamber in place of Mr. R. S. CAMPBELL proceeding to Europe.
The Ballot-box will be open at the offices of the Chamber from 10 A. M. till 6 P. M., on each of the above day.
By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce: Bombay, 24th February, 1893.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce have APPOINTED THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 9th and 10th March, 1893, for the purpose of BALLOTING for TWO ELECTIVE TRUSTEES of the PORT of BOMBAY in place of Mr. L. R. W. FORREST and the Hon'ble Mr. A. F. BEAUFORT, whose term of office, under the Port Trust Act, will expire on 31st March, 1893, in the case for a Trustee to act during the absence of Mr. R. S. Campbell, who has obtained leave of absence for six months.
The Ballot-box will be open at the offices of the Chamber from 10 a.m. till 6 p.m., on each of the above days.
By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce: Bombay, 24th February, 1893.

FOR SALE.
TWO LARGE CHARIOTS, lately used by Scquah in his Travels through India. These are constructed with a Hood to the front half, the back half of the length being open with low sides, Suitable for Camping and District Travelling. Can be drawn by four Bullocks.
Also suitable for Carriage by removing the hood, forming a light drag.
English-built, beautifully decorated,
Size of platform 14 feet by 6 ft. with pole and box seats.
Sale will take place on TUESDAY next, at Messrs. STEPHENS and SONS' STABLES, Girgaum, where the Chariots are now on view.

BOMBAY, BARODA AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY,
INCLUDING
B.-M. RAILWAY.
TENDER FOR STATIONERY.
1. THE AGENT is prepared TO RECEIVE at his Office, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, up to 1 P.M. (Gin-fan) on TUESDAY, the 7th March, 1893, Sealed Tenders for the SUPPLY of WRITING and DRAWING PAPER required for the Broad and Metre Gauge sections of the Company's System during the 12 months ending 31st March 1894.
Supplies to commence from 1st April, 1893.
2.—Forms of Tender giving particulars of approximate requirements for delivery at Bombay and Ajmere and conditions on which tenders will be received may be obtained on application to the Storekeeper's Office, Parel, Bombay, or the Deputy Storekeeper's Office, Ajmere, on payment of Rs. 2 each at either of which offices samples may be seen.
3.—Tenders should be superscribed "Tender for Papers for B. B. & C. I. and R.-M. Railways" and must be accompanied by a deposit of Rupees FIVE HUNDRED in Currency Notes. If Government Paper or other Securities be submitted they must be endorsed in favour of the Agent, B. B. & C. I. Railway.
4.—The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any tender without reference to the other items on the same tender, and the tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rate quoted.
5.—The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.
S. A. DUIGAN,
Store-Keeper.
Storekeeper's Office: Parel, 23rd February, 1893.

NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.
Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Clearers and Engagement.
Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas. 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
CAPITAL—£3,000,000.
Absolute Security Funds now exceed....£8,486,434
Funds invested in the best and safest Securities amount to.....£7,894,357

FIRE BRANCH.
POLICIES COVERING RISK on MERCHANDISE BUILDINGS, SPINNING MILLS, COTTON and JUTE PRESSES, SHOPS, BUNGALOWS, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HOTELS and CLUBS, both in BOMBAY and in the MOFUSSIL, granted on most favorable Terms. COALS on the BUNDERS and KEROSINE OIL also covered.

Fire Premium for 1875	£742,553
" 1880	£333,078
" 1885	£966,107
" 1891	£1,607,080

NATIVE LIVES ASSURED AT EUROPEAN RATES.
LARGE REDUCTION IN RATES.
POLICIES granted by the Undersigned without reference to head Office on APPROVED LIVES. MILITARY LIVES in CIVIL EMPLOY have extra Premium returned. ENDOWMENT ASSURANCES payable at Fixed Periods on Adults and Children on very Favourable Terms.
LAST REVERSIONARY BONUS 74 Per Cent.
REDUCTION to EUROPEAN RATES when Assured leave either Alexandria or Port Said.

ACCUMULATED LIFE AND ANNUITY FUNDS now amount to	£4,546,577
TOTAL ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£7,894,357

GROWTH OF FUNDS.

1881	£4,573,559
1891	£7,894,357
1886	£5,572,041
Increase of Funds in 10 years	£2,321,036

THOMAS H. MOORE & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company.
Bombay Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.
MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY,
No. 12, APOLLO STREET.
AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE, &c., AT GRANT ROAD, OPPOSITE THE B. B. & C. I. RY. STATION.
TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 26th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on the abovesaid place, the household furniture consisting of drawing-room, sofas, chairs, dining-room chairs, chest of drawers, with and without mirror door, almyrah, round with marble tops, writing, dressing, washing and dining tables, teapoys, a wood-cased cottage piano, fancy chairs, clock striking, 1 hour chiffonier, corner whatnots, bookcases, iron and wood bedsteads, cradle perambulator, mosquito curtains, hangings and table mats, pictures, mantelpiece, sideboard, dumbwaiter, fancy ornaments, cutlery, crockery and glassware, copper utensils, &c., &c., the property of Mrs. S. WELLS.
SHERIFF, SON & Co.
Bombay, February 25, 1893.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

ROSS AND CAMERON'S NATURAL HIGHLAND WHISKIES shipped in three qualities. The produce is under the old natural system of distillation of finest two-rowed Home-grown Barley and distilled within the Highlands of Scotland. Highlanders resident abroad should try them.
Prices:—"Lochgorm" Rs. 22. "H.B." (Highlander label) Rs. 21. "C. E. B." Rs. 34.
"LOCHGORM" in 1 Gallon "DEMIJOHNS," Rs. 15.
Special Terms to Messes, Clubs, and large Buyers.
AGENTS.—R. RAMCHANDRA & Co., FORT, BOMBAY.

CROFT, MODY & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS AND
IMPORTERS OF VERY CHOICE & RICH WINES
BRANDIES.
T. Hine & Co.'s.....Fine Pale Cognac *
T. Hine & Co.'s.....Fine Pale Cognac * * *
T. Hine & Co.'s.....Fine Pale Cognac V S
Jules Grimmond's.....Brandy * * * OP
Jules Grimmond's.....Chariot Brand.
FROM Rs. 16 TO Rs. 120 PER DOZ.
WHISKIES.
David Smith & Co's ... Very Fine Old Scotch **
David Smith & Co's ... Very Fine Old Scotch ***
David Smith & Co's ... Very Fine Old Scotch ****
David Smith & Co.'s ... Very Fine Old Scotch *****
Gonne, Croft & Co.'s ... Finest Old Scotch.
Robinson's ..... Special Blend.
FROM Rs. 22 TO Rs. 24 PER DOZ.
PORT WINES.
Croft & Co.'s.....Very Old Tawny Port.
Croft & Co.'s.....Fruity Port.
Croft & Co.'s.....Superior White Port.
Stanley & Grimm's.....Port, delicious.
Stanley & Grimm's.....Tawny Port, rich.
FROM Rs. 15 TO Rs. 48 PER DOZ.
CHAMPAGNE.
Lafour Pere and Fil's..... Unsurpassable.
Lagarde and Cie ..... Special Cuvee.
Armand Freres' ..... Cuvee Reserve.
FROM Rs. 21 TO Rs. 64 PER DOZ.
RETAIL AGENTS:
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
33, HUMMUM STREET.
A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE, MESSES, CLUBS, &c.
REVISED DETAILED PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.
OUT-STATION ORDERS PROMPTLY AND CAREFULLY EXECUTED.
RETAIL AGENTS:—MESSRS. DENISON NAD Co.,
33, Hummum Stree.
☞ PLEASE NOTE ADDRESS:
OPPOSITE THE BOMBAY BANK, BANK STREET.

BOMBAY TELEPHONE Co., LD.
OFFICES:—ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE.
TELEPHONES
The Company's Telephones being the Master Patents of Bell, Edison, Gower, Blake, &c., are the very best instruments extant, and are the same as are in use in nearly all the large Cities and Towns in England and America. They are of the best English make and will give greater satisfaction and be found more economical than cheap instruments of English or Continental manufacture, which for all practical purposes are generally useless.
Estimates furnished and the erection of Installations undertaken. Terms on application.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES POST FREE.

"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES."
"A Simple Fact about" KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES. Ask throughout the World, in any country that can be named, you will find them largely sold. There is absolutely no remedy that is so speedy in giving relief, so certain to cure, and yet the most delicate can take them.
UNRIVALLED REMEDY
UNRIVALLED REMEDY
UNRIVALLED REMEDY
UNRIVALLED REMEDY
"94, Commercial Road, Peckham, July 12.
"Dear Sir,—I am a poor hand at expressing my feelings, but I should like to thank you. Your lozenges have done wonders in relieving my terrible cough. Since I had the operation of "Trachcotomy" (the same as the late Emperor of Germany, and unlike him, thank God, I am still alive,) performed at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, no one could possibly have had a more violent cough; it was so bad at times that it quite exhausted me. The mucus, which was very copious and hard, has been softened, and I have been able to get rid of it without difficulty.—I am, Sir, yours truly J. HILL."
MEDICAL NOTE.
The above speaks for itself. From strict inquiry it appears that the benefit from using Keating's Cough Lozenges is understated. The operation was a specially severe one, and was performed by the specialist, Dr. H. T. Butlin, of St. Bartholomew's Hospital. Since the operation the only means of relief is the use of these Lozenges. So successful are they that one affords immediate benefit, although from the nature of the case the throat irritation is intense.
UNRIVALLED TESTIMONY:
Under date Sept 8th, 1891, Mr. Hill again writes:—"I should long since have been dead but for your Lozenges—they are worth their weight in gold." I will gladly see and tell anyone what a splendid cough remedy they are.
Keating's Cough Lozenges, the unrivalled remedy for COUGH, HOARSENESS, and THROAT TROUBLES, are sold in Botles by all Chemists.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.
Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and pound tins, labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS, LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE".
CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED
BLOOD MIXTURE
THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER
FOR CLEANSING and CLEARING the BLOOD from ALL IMPURITIES it cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It
Cures Old Sores,
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sore Legs,
Cures Blackhead or Pimples on the Face,
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter, From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.
As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from any thing injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.
Translation of letter from Fiji.
The Letter off Jonathan to Mr. Dunsford
"My Friend.—I write to you to-day to tell you about my illness. I love you very much to-day because of the medicine you gave to me. Three months I was very ill, truly, because of my leg I could not plant yams. I could not go fishing, I could not eat or sleep; but now I am quite well again. It is truly a wonderful medicine. I beg you, Mr. Dunsford, give me one more bottle, as the month of bolis is near.
"Preparation Day (Saturday), Bua, Vanua Levu."
Explanation of above Letter.
"In Fiji, at certain times of the year, both the European residents and the natives themselves break out in bolis, which, if not immediately seen to, not infrequently develop into terrible running sores. At these times I can conscientiously assert that I know of no better medicine than 'Clarke's Blood Mixture,' which I have used with unfailing success both among my white and black neighbours. The enclosed letter from 'Jonathan,' a Christianised Fijian, speaks for itself. For three months he had been almost a cripple, and yet one of your large bottles completely set him up. In ordinary cases even a less quantity will effect a cure.—I am, dear Sir, yours faithfully.
"T. EDGCUMBE DUNSFORD,
"45, Leicester-square, London, W.C.,
"21 June, 1892."
THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.
Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLANDS COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARK'S BLOOD MIXTURE.
CAUTION.—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture," blown in the bottle, WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.
GOLD PRIZE-MEDAL, NATIONAL ACADEMY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE Bi-Weekly Edition.—Issued on Monday and Thursday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12. Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to Subscribers in Bombay in the Mofussil postage extra.

BANKS.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,
BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & CO., CALCUTTA,
BANKERS AND AGENTS.
OPEN CURRENT and DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and transact BANKING BUSINESS generally on terms which may be learnt on application; also REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL Agency.
LONDON AGENTS:—GRINDLAY & Co.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
FIXED DEPOSITS received subject to 15, 6, or 3 months' notice, at rates to be learnt on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over. Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on approved terms and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted, Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels shipped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK (LIMITED.)
ESTABLISHED AT MADRAS A.D. 1885.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, RUPEES TEN LAKHS.
CAPITAL CALLED UP.....Rs. 6,30,000
CAPITAL IN RESERVE .....Rs. 3,70,000
ACCUMULATED RESERVES.....Rs. 5,96,500
BRANCHES:
BOMBAY AND RAWAL-PINDEE.
BANKERS and AGENTS throughout INDIA, BURMA CEYLON and in LONDON, EDINBURGH, DUBLIN.
FIXED DEPOSITS—12 months 5 per cent. per annum.
PRUDENTIAL DEPOSITS—6 Z p.a. compounded half yearly.
STERLING DEPOSITS—4 Z p. a. on monies awaiting remittal.
CURRENCY NOTES of any Circle and CHEQUES on BOMBAY, CALCUTTA or MADRAS received at par.
RECEIPTS issued when desired to EITHER or SURVIVOR
FLOATING ACCOUNTS—2 Z p.a. on balances over Rs. 250.
PROMISSORY NOTES and BILLS discounted and
CASH CREDITS & LOANS granted upon IMMOVEABLE, MOVEABLE, and PERSONAL PROPERTY possessing a Market value.
DRAFTS issued and WIRE TRANSFERS effected.
GOVERNMENT PAPER—SHARES, bought and sold.
PAY-PENSIONS-INTERESTS-DIVIDENDS collected.
FIRE and LIFE INSURANCES arranged.
SECURITIES received for SAFE-KEEPING, liability accepted.
BANKING and MONEY AGENCY of every description conducted.
Full information and Rules furnished on application.
(By order of the Board)
F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.
Bombay, 2nd January, 1893.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 100,00,000
Reserve Fund	$ 33,00,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
F. DE BOVIS, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers.—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
LONDON COMMITTEE:
ALBERT DEACON, Esq., (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq. (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson and Co.
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
WM. ANASTASIUS JONES, Esq., (Director of the London and County Banking Co., Limited.)
THOMAS JACKSON, EWEN CAMERON } Managers.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:—
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	RANGOON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAIGON.
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SANFRANCISCO
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	SINGAPORE.
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 1 Per Cent, on Daily Balances, if not under Rs 1,000, and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000.
Money taken on Deposit for fixed Periods on terms to be learnt on application.
Credits granted on approved Securities, and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.
Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.
J. C. NICHOLSON,
Acting Agent.
40, Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at 31, Dalhousie Square, South, Calcutta.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

CAPITAL FULLY SUBSCRIBED	£2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	£250,000
RESERVE FUND	£223,000
UNCALLED CAPITAL	£1,750,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—
WM. KESWICK, Esq., Chairman, (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)
ADOLF ON ANDRE, Esq., (Messrs. Andre Mende & Co.)
EGBERT TESSON, Esq., (Messrs. Tesson & Co.)
DAVID McLEAN, Esq.,
F. D. SASSOON, Esq., (late Messrs. David Sassoon, Sons, & Co.)
H. D. STEWART, Esq., (Messrs. Stewart, Thomson & Co.)
Head Office.....3, PRINCES STREET, E.C.
London Bankers.....{THE CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LD. / THE BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK.}
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received on the following terms:—
3 per Cent. per Annum for 3 Months.
3½ " " 6 "
4 " " 8 or 9 Months.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened on terms which may be ascertained on application.
A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.
Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, December 1892.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF PERSIA.
(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1889.)
CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP.....£1,000,000
(With power to increase to .....£4,000,000)
RESERVE FUNDS £100,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,000,000
BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—
WM. KESWICK, Esq., Chairman, (Messrs. Jardine, Matheson & Co.)
H. COKE, Esq., (Messrs. David Sassoon & Co.)
GEOFFREY GLYN, Esq., (Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.)
SIR LEPEL GRIFFIN, K.C.S.I.
LIEUT.-GENL. THOMAS E. GORDON, C.B., C.S.I.
A. P. H. HOTZ, Esq., (Messrs. J. C. P. Hotz & Son.)
DAVID McLEAN, Esq.
BARON GEORGE DE REUTER.
EDWARD SASSOON, Esq., (Messrs. David Sassoon & Co.)
H. D. STEWART, Esq., (Messrs. Stewart, Thomson & Co.)
London Office.....14, AUSTIN FRIARS, E.C.
Chief Office in Persia.....TEHERAN.
Branches at .....BUSHIRE, ISFAHAN, MESHED SHIRAZ, AND TABRIZ.
Agencies at.....BAGDAD, BOMBAY, BUSREH AND CALCUTTA.
London Bankers .....Messrs. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE & Co.
FIXED DEPOSITS
Are received at 4½ per cent. per annum for twelve months. Terms for longer periods can be ascertained on application.
A. F. SIMPSON,
Agent.
Bombay Office: Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Dec. 1892.

NATIONAL BANK of INDIA, LIMITED

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,000,000.
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 500,000.
RESERVE FUND	£ 100,000.

HEAD OFFICE:
47, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES:
CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KARACHI, DELHI, RANGOON, TUTICORIN, KANDY, AND MANDALAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances when the sum at credit exceeds Rs. 1,000.
When the accrued interest for Six Months does not amount to Rs. 10, no interest is allowed.
DEPOSITS are received for Fixed Periods at Rates of Interest which may be ascertained on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE payable in the Principal Cities of Europe, India, and Australia, purchased or collected.
DRAFTS issued at the Exchange of the day on the Bank's Head Office and Branches, also on Provincial Towns in Great Britain, on Paris and on the Chief Towns in Australia and New Zealand; and, when required, the Bank will forward the Rate of Exchange to the payees, free of charge. Remittances may also be sent by telegram.
The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

A BOON TO MEN
Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, Loss of VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Trade circular having the renowned MARYON treatment by local absorption, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application to The MARYON REMEDY Co., 388, Strand, London, ENGLAND.

DAWSON'S BOOTS
NONE ARE GENUINE WITHOUT THIS TRADE MARK STAMPED ON THE SOLES.
JOSEPH DAWSON & SONS REGISTERED TRADE MARK No 75380

"BAHADUR"
CIGARS!!!
THE best that Money can buy, or Skill produce. Shipped to all climates from Pole to Pole. Made in seven different Shapes and Sizes, so as to meet all Tastes and Requirements.
TRY, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS BUY
"BAHADUR"
CIGARS.
SMOKE, AND YOU WILL ALWAYS ENJOY.

BAHADUR REGALIAS	6	inches long, in boxes of		50
BAHADUR PRINCESSES	5	"	"	50
BAHADUR No. 1	4½	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 2	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR " 3	3½	"	"	100
BAHADUR MANILLAS	4	"	"	100
BAHADUR MORNING WHIFFS	3	"	"	200

SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS,
McDOWELL AND CO.,
MADRAS.
☞ *N. B.*—Our Factory adjoins our Office, and is, therefore, under our immediate Personal Supervision.

FIELD'S CITRATE OF MAGNESIA
(EFFERVESCENT),
AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS', BREWERS',
AND CONFECTIONERS' CHEMICALS
MAY BE ORDERED THROUGH FIRMS OF ENGLISH MERCHANTS, OR DIRECT FROM
C. W. FIELD,
MANUFACTURING CHEMIST AND ESSENTIAL OIL DISTILLER,
CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.
AGENTS WANTED IN BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

THE ONLY REMEDY for NERVOUS EXHAUSTION
Climatic Anæmia, Incapacity for Work and Mental and Physical Depression, is
LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS
The Only Forms known to be a Safe and Certain Cure
ARE THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,
H. & T. KIRBY & Co., LD.,
Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.
PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS. Pills which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, ARE CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY, and see that each Bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says: "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.
PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful restoratives. As a *nutritient tonic* it gives power to the spinal cord and brain. It *imparts tone* to the digestive organs increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. " is largely employed in India during convalescent stages, as intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.
PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia, Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.
PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.
PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ, Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron, Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application for cases of nervous Exhaustion; it gives excellent blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.
STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where a double dose of Phosphorus is needed.
PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.
Formula No. 30 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic* females.
PHOSPHORUS AND DAMIANA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 34), containing 1-33rd gro Phosphorus.
The Extract in this pill is made from the True Damiana Plant ("*Turnera aphrodisiaca*"), and is a valuable aid of Phosphorus when required as a remedy for impotence.

The above may be obtained from our appointed Agents in Bottles, 3/-, 5/- and 10/- each (English money the 10/-Bottle containing sufficient for a course of four weeks. Two 10/-Bottles may be obtained direct from our laboratory, carriage paid to any post town in India or Australia, by remitting us a Post Office order for 21/-.
AGENTS: CALCUTTA—SMITH, STANISTREET & Co.; BOMBAY AND POONA—TREACHER & Co., Limited; BOMBAY—F. S. MADON & Co.; PHILLIPS & Co., Bombay, Byculla and Poona; ALLAHABAD—LYELL & Co.; MADRAS—E. W. SMITH & Co.; UMBALLA & KASAULI—BALL, HOBSON & Co.; RANGOON—DE SOUZA & Co.; SIMLA AND LAHORE—E. PLOMER & Co.
H. & T. KIRBY & Co., Limited, 14, Newman Street, London, W.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL
THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DI THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.
Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be
The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in
CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIO GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.
SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.
SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.
"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."
DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.
"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but even readily, and with marked benefit."
JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.
"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIG

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs. as	Rs.
Indian Banks.					
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	9 pr. ct.	1,056½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	200	all	9 pr. ct.	1,625
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all		960
Exchange Banks.					
Agra	100,000	100	all	5 pr. ct.	110
Charter Bank	40,000	420	420	7 pr. ct.	420
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	£125	all	£1 6 pr. ct.	£1
National Bank of India	40,000	625	£124	6 pr. ct.	197
Silver Share ...	...	...	...	...	...

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last Divi-dend.	
Alcock Ashdown	{ 1,000 / 750	200	200	10	270
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	40
Badham Pile...	4,000	100	100	10	89
Bapty Brothers	8,625	200	135	18	42
Bezar Oil Mills Co., Limited.	1,250	100	all	Nil.	100 n o
Bombay and Burmah Trading Corporation..	600	2,500	1,000	75	1,100
Do. New Issue.	500	375	225	67½	1030
Bombay Dock Co. Ltd.	1,250	100	100	ex div 2	80 w d
Bombay Flour Mill	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	115
Deccan Ice Co..	4,150	100	100	4 pr. ct.	15
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000		500	5 pr. ct.	385
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills.	1,500	200	200	Rs. 14	140
Geyes&Co., Ld.	500	100	70	...	70 no n
Indian Guarantee & Surety Ship Assn ...	5,000	100	10	10 pr.ct.	16½
John Roberts & Co.....	1,500	100	100	10 pr.ct.	115
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	div 23½	303
Kurrachee Landing ...	600	500	300	30	190
Maharanee Ice Manufactur.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	3
Marcks & Co., Ld.	600	100	100	Rs. 16	94
NapierHotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr.ct.	90
NapierFoundry ...	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance ...	3,000	200	50	42 pr. ct	195
Oriental Loan...	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	6 pr. ct.	85
Poze Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	455
Prince of Wales Fire...	250	5,000	1,000	N dvd.	2,35
Royal Floria ... Mills	2,500	100	100	...	2)
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	61
Southwell and Austin, Ld....	Ord. 1,000	100	100	5 pr. ct.	2)
Do.	Prf. 1,000	100	100	pr. ct.	103
Thacker & Co.	2,000	500	all 25	60	875
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	67
Telephone Co.	9,250	25	25		102

PRESS COMPANIES.

			Yearly.	Re
Akbar	200	1,250	75	1,20
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	450
Albert (Curreghee)	200	100'1	18 pr. ct.	235
Apollo	750	100'2	2,200	90
Bellary	167	100'1	100	Nil.
Bowring City Press & Manfg Co, Ld	550	250	55)	32
Bombay Cotton	1,000	125	125	Rs.
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	800	200	200	
Bisoch City Press Co., Ld.	600	200	all	
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	20
East India	350	1,000	1,00	45 dvd
English Press	400	250	...	
Fort	515	2500	2,500	Rs.
French	300	500	all	100
Harvey and Sabapathy.	450	500	500	50
Hingoll Press Co., Ld.....	750	400	all	50
Khangsaum	240	450	450	
Mahmadpura Cotton Cogill P. Co., Ld.	800	500	500	
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	7½
Mahomedan	2,125	400	400	Rs.
Munshi M	1,000	250	all	Rs.
New Berar.....	1,200	500	500	Rs.
New Indian.....	1,000	125	125	Rs.
Prince of Wales.....	100	500	500	Rs.
Sabapathy (Bellary)...	500	500	75	20
Do. New Issue.	500	375	225	67½
Somasundram Pun-jab Co.	100	1,000	1,00	25
Sind	400	2,000	750	35
Surat Woollen Mills.....	1,200	250	250	35
Surat City Press Co, Ld....	375	200	all	75
Volkart	...	1,000	100	Rs.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad	600	1,500	1,000	90	1,400
Alliance	1,500	00	all	Rs. 20	200
Anglo-Indian	1,345		100	5	84
Bollary S & W Co, Ld. (Bellary)	871	(	all	9 per ct.	50)
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co....	900	1,000	1,000	25	640
Bombay National Manfg. Co., Ld.....	300	1,000	1,00	...	32 non.
Bombay Nu-tional Manfg. Co., Ld.....	300	1,000	1,000	30	600
Central India Mills Co. Ld.	1,000	500	500	40	1,050
City of Bombay Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	575
Dawn Cloth Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,040
Dharamsey Mills	800	500	500	10 pr. ct	630 w.d.
Dilaba Laid & Mill	4,000	700	1	124	615
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1.	Rs. 30	470
Coral Mills Co. Ld.	5,688	100	100	50	440
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	425
Dhun Mills.....	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	750
Ewerses	2,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	450
Fra...ajee Petit..	1,250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	515
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	68
Hingoolgunj Mill	700	500	500	40	660
Howard ...d Bullough ...	1,500	500	500	Rs. 50	645
Hydera...ad	700	1,000	1,000	...	1,175
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	...	390
Indian Manfg.	1,000	500	500	Rs.	600
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	10 pr. ct.	610
Jaffer Alli	800	500	500	Nil	340
Jamshed Manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	12½	210
Jewraz Baloo..	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	890
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.....	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	500 c d
Kandhelah	750	1,000	1,000	30	660
Khanagaum Manfg. Co....	400	250	250	Nil	750
Khatao Mi-cumjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	515
Leopold	3,500	100	100	15 pr. ct.	175
Lord Reay Mfg	445	1,000	1,000	35	600
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	967½
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	500	2,400
Mahalaxmee Mahboob Shah Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	15 pr. ct.	4,757
Manekjee Petit	4,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 70	1,520
Mazagon	5,000	0	250	6	145
Morarji Gocul-das	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,870
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co.....	4,50	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
Shahkra Mills..	7,778	100	100	Nil.	pa
National	500	1,000	1,000	Nil.	150
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	480
Oriental	5,725	625	625	Rs. 15	455
Presidency Mills Co.(Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,220
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	540
Ripon Mills	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	1,015
Sassoon	1,500	1,000	1,000	...	1,455
Shalapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	0	1,300
Soondardas	750	4,000	1,000	1yr. rs. 60	540
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	170
Southern Maharatta	1,212	250	250	12½	310
Sun Mills, Ld.	1,200	250	250	12½	324
Star of India ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	20	350
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Rs. 15	460
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.....	...	900	1,000	1,000	50
Venkunker Lakmindas Co Ld.....	900	500	900	15	500
Victoria Mills.	55	1,000	1,000	25	350
Western India.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	675
India Mills ...	1,000	1,000	1,000	...	740
Union Mills, Ld	900	1,000	1,000	...	61

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

B. B. C. I. R. Consolidated Stock	...	£100	all	5 pr.c.
B. & C. I. R. New	£18	...	£ 18	do.

PRICES OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	Rs.	15-10
Napoleons	"	15-8
Mexican Dollars	"	224
Five Franc Pieces Gold	"	318
Bar Silver	"	106-7-6
Gold Leaf	"	26-4
Bar Gold, English	"	25-15
Bar Australian	"	25-15
Bar Bombay	"	25-15-6
Bar Pekin	"	25-8

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	105½
Four-and-a-half per cent.	101
Municipal 5 percent. Debenture Loans.....	1161
New French Loan 5 per cent. 1872	no.n.
City of Paris Loan	nom.
Port Trust Bonds	101½
New Loan.....	104

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.	Rate.
London Banks ...	On demand.....	1s. 2 11-16d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic	1s. 2 21-32d.
Do. do.	3 Months' sight.	1s. 2 23-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do...	1s. 2 [illegible]
Do. do.	6 Do. do...	1s. 2 13-16 to 27-32d.
On Credit...	3 Do. do...	1s. 2 2+32 to 15-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do...	1s. 2 [illegible] 31 to 1d.
Do. Documents	3 Do. do...	1s. 2 [illegible] 0 to 1s. 2 31-32d.
Do. do.	6 Do. do...	1s. 3[illegible]
Paris	3 Do. do...	1[illegible]7½
Do.	6 Do. do...	100 1-16
Calcutta	At sight	99[illegible]
Madras	60 days'	100 1-11
Bombay	At sight	100
Ditto.	60 days'	99[illegible]
Mauritius	60 days'	217

CELEBRATED author happened, when buying books second-hand dealer, to find one of his own ks of travel, which he had presented to a fellow- or. He had written a particular dedication on fly-leaf. He bought the volume, which was uncut, had it bound in a most beautiful and nsive style, with initials stamped in gold on over, and sent it back to his colleague, with following note on the fly-leaf :—"P.S.—You keep this for the sake of the binding."

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Arts Exhibition, 8 a. m. to 8 p. m.
Bombay Races, First Day.
Ladies' Tiffin, Byculla Club.
Mody Bay Iron Works Company, 3 p. m.
Sorosis Meeting, Alexandra N. G. E. Institution, 4-30 p.m.
Prize-Distribution, Bombay Scottish Orphanage, Mahim, 4-30 p. m.
Anjuman-e-Elmi-e-Farsi Conversational Meeting New High School, Fort, 5 p. m.
Bombay Branch, Royal Asiatic Society's Meeting, 5-15 p. m.
Rovers Football Club, Cooperage, 5-30 p.m.
Byculla Club, Half-Yearly Meeting, 6 p.m.
Music at the Secretariat, 6 p. m.
St. Joseph's Band, Bandora Hill, 6 p. m.
Aryan Social Union, Sermon by Rao Bahadoor Lalshankar Umiashanker (in Gujerati), the People's Free Reading Room, 6 p. m.
Annual Meeting, Western India Turf Club, 8-30 a. m.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Banda, Aldgate, R. I. M. S. Canning, and Clive left the dock yesterday.

DANCE AT THE YACHT CLUB.—There will be a dance at the Yacht Club, on Monday, the 27th instant.

BOMBAY ART UNION.—The prizes for the Art Union will be drawn for at the Exhibition Rooms, at 5-30 p.m., on Monday afternoon.

THEFT OF AN OVERCOAT.—Mr. Kerker, residing at Altamont Road, reported to the police the theft of an overcoat, valued at Rs. 40, from his bedroom, between 4 p.m. on Sunday and 1 p.m. on Monday.

MISSING A HAT.—Mr. Ricketts, residing at Dongersey Lane, reported to the police that, on Thursday evening, he lost a black hat out of his dog-cart, between the Fort and Malabar Hill.

B. B. R. A. SOCIETY.—A meeting of the Society will be held this afternoon, at 5-15, when Dr. Paul Deussen, Professor of Philosophy, University of Kiel (Germany), will deliver an address on the philosophy of the Vedanta in its relations to occidental metaphysics.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Hurrichand Trimbuck, residing at Girgaum Road, reported to the police the theft of a pair of gold *kovas* from a drawer in his room. A servant, named Mahadu, who was only a few days in the service of the informant, and left the service suddenly to go to his native country, is suspected.

MILL ACCIDENT.—At 2 p.m., on Thursday afternoon, Babaji Ganoo, aged forty-eight years, residing at Foras Road, while working in the Jadawji Raghowji Mill, Falkland Road, got his left arm accidentally fractured by being caught in the belting of a carding machine. He was removed to the J J. Hospital, where he was detained.

BURGLARY AT NAKODA STREET.—A woman, named Parbutee, occupying a room on the second floor of a house, in Nakoda Street, reported to the police, that she locked the door of her room, on Thursday afternoon, and took away a key of hers on the third floor of her house. Returning an hour after, she found the door open, and on examining an open box she discovered that gold and silver ornaments, worth about Rs. 86, missing therefrom.

MUSIC AT THE SECRETARIAT.—The following programme will be played at the Fine Arts Exhibition, at the Secretariat, by the Band of the 5th Bombay L. I., at 6 p.m., to-day :—

Overture.....	The Exiles.....	Gassner.
Valse.....	Die Rosenfluster.....	H. Klein.
Ballet Music.....	Genevre III. Act 5.	Auber.
Concert Polka.....	Lieb Und Treu.....	Welch.
Selection.....	Haddon Hall.....	Sullivan.
Gavotte	Charming	Boggetti.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

MUSIC ON THE BANDORA HILL.—This evening the following programme will be played by the St. Joseph's Band, on the Bandora Hill, opposite the Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy Sanitarium, at 6 p.m. :—

March	Torgauer	Kretchmar.
Valse	Little Mary	Riviere, arrgd. by J. Henkel.
Song	What are the Wild Waves Saying	J. Henkel.
Quadrille	Como	Coote.
Polka-Mazurka.	The Pearl of the Sea..	J Henkel.
Polka.....	Jenny Lind	J. H. Massoy.

PARSEE CHIEF MATRIMONIAL COURT.—The Hon. Mr. Justice Candy presided at a sitting of the Court yesterday, when the case of Manockbai *vs.* Dosabhoy Nusserwanji Chinoy and Fatmabee Begum was heard with closed doors, Mr. P. M. Mehta appearing for the petitioner, and there being no appearance for either the respondent or co-respondent. The petitioner prayed for a dissolution of marriage on the ground of her husband's adultery with the co-respondent, at Hyderabad. Eleven delegates assisted the learned Judge in the trial, the result of which was that the Court granted the petitioner a decree *nisi* for a divorce.

THE CHARGE OF CHEATING.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. W. Webb, Superintendent Brawin brought up on remand A. F. Gregory, who stood charged with cheating preferred against him by T. W. Krishnaswamy, a resident of Madras, at present residing at Kalbadevie Road, Bombay, and V. N. Sapabathy Mudaliyar, a Government Pensioner, Secundrabad, Deccan, at present residing in Portuguese Church Street, Girgaum. The two complainants were examined. Their statements were similar to those embodied in their information filed in court, and already reported. The case was adjourned for further hearing till Monday next.

GOA NEWS.—The total earnings of the Marmagoa Railway for the week ending 5th and 12th November last, amounted to Rs. 7,721 and Rs. 10,835 respectively, while in the corresponding week for last year they were Rs. 5,826, and Rs. 11,725.—Canon Joaquim Joao d'Abreo of Saligao has been made a Disembargador of the Goa See.—The exposition of the Holy of Holies is prohibited in the Church of Candolim in virtue of order of the Patriarch in consequence of the performance of a *zagor* (a native theatrical) in that parish during the month of December last.—Colonel Villar, the Governor of Diu, who attended the wedding of the daughter of his Excellency the Governor-General, has returned to Diu.—A telegram has been received that the election of Ilhas, which was contested by Mr. Fernandes Aranha, the Commissioner of Customs, Abkari, and Mr. Christovam Ayres, has been annulled.—The Ministry has fallen, and Senhor Hintze Ribeiro as President was entrusted to form a new Ministry of the *Regenerador* party.—The election of Mr. C. R. da Costa, the popular candidate for Bardez, has elicited great enthusiasm, and popular demonstrations are being organised in different villages in honour of the occasion. Similar enthusiasm has been noticeable among Goanese in British India.

THE BURGLARY AT MESSRS. THOMAS COOK AND SON'S.

In regard to the burglary and theft of Rs. 13,516 at Messrs. Thomas Cook and Son's office, on the Espanade Road, which took place some time during the night of the 22nd instant, Superintendent Brewin, in his report to the Commissioner of Police, yesterday, stated that Mr. Howse, the manager of the firm, reported to the police, on Thursday morning, that the premises of the office were entered into between 7-30 p.m., on Wednesday, and 8 a.m., on Thursday, the safe was opened by a duplicate key, and cash and notes of the aggregate value of Rs. 13,516 stolen therefrom. The following is the list of property stolen :—325 currency notes for Rs. 10, each ; 69, for Rs. 20 each ; 80 for Rs. 50 each ; 17, for Rs. 100 each ; one for Rs. 500 ; 28 for Rs. 5 each ; other currency notes of the Calcutta, Madras, Rangoon, and Colombo circles of different value, amounting in all to Rs. 965 ; Rs. 341 in cash, £68 in gold, equivalent to Rs. 1,088 ; 3s. 2d. in silver equal to Rs. 2 : one, five and two one-dollar notes equal in value to Rs. 15 ; and 10 Napoleans, valued at Rs. 135. The above money and several other documents were deposited in a dealwood box, bearing the name of E. F. De La Fosse, and a cash box tray. No trace has as yet been found of the offender. Police enquiries are in progress.

HIGH COURT.—FEBRUARY 25.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

For Hearing and Final Disposal.
For Investigation of Pauperism.
Postponed Long Causes.

99-92—In person—Govind Ramsot *vs* Babi Harshot Dandi and another.
Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.
118-92—Ardiser H and D—Rohimtoolabhoy Peerbhoy and others *vs* Karmalice Versee and another—Daphtary and P and P G and S—Part heard.
193-92—Ardesir H and D—Hasanbhoy Visrambhoy *vs* Karmalice Versee and another—Daphtary and F and P G and S.
570-92—In person—Sheriabai and another *vs* Hatlibai and another—Payne G and S.
312-91—J. C. Cama for pauper—Raghowjee Kheraj *vs* Vassonbai and other—in person.
122-92—Chalk W and S—Dewraj Tokersey and another *vs* Koorpal Jivraj and others.
415-91—Payne G and S—Rustomjee Nusserwanjee Bhaya and another *vs* Sorabjee Dossabhoy Framroze—J C Cama.
590-90—In person—Kallianjee Madhowjee and others *vs* Vallabh Anandjee.
51-92—Bicknell M and M—Sudasookh Hanutram *vs* Gurdyal Gopaldas and another—K D Shroff.
76-92—Payne G and S—Ramprasah Samrathray and another *vs* Faolbai—D S Garud.
623-91—Mirza H Khan for pauper—Hajee Amoo Hajee Mahomed *vs* Hawabai and others—Pestonji R and K and Chalk W and S.
307-92—Chalk W and S—Jeewan Dowjee *vs* Khimjee Vullubdas and others—Aridesir H and D.
257-92—In person—Chhoba Sadasevjee *vs* Rackmabai and others.
—93—Nanu and H—Bai Aimal and another *vs* Bai Navazbai and others.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice STARLING.)

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.
Postponed Long Causes.

Thakurdas, D and C, and Chalk, W and S—In the matter of Land Acquisition Act X of 1870 and in the matter of Government and in the matter of Sakaram Morarjee and others—F A Little for Govt.—Part heard.
For Hearing on Commissioner's Report.
74-89—Jeejeebhoy and D—Vinayek Wamon *vs* Savitribai and others—In person.
Long Causes.
713-90—Jeejeebhoy and D—Mahomedally Dawoodjee *vs* Madar Jani Gowli and others—Shamrao P.
133-91—Etcelour and G—Meyachand Kessore *vs* Phillip A Herford and others—Crawford, B and Co.

FLORILINE.—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price Re. 61., of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

HIGH COURT.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

A CHARITABLE PROPERTY RESCUED FROM THE HANDS OF AN ATTACHING CREDITOR.

THE HON'BLE F. L. LATHAM, ADVOCATE-GENERAL, AT THE RELATION OF DWARKADAS LALLUBHAI AND OTHERS *VS.* MAYARAM BHANJI AND OTHERS.

THE plaintiff, at the relation of Dwarkadas Lallubhai and other Hindu devotees of the Temple of Shri Baldevji in Kika Street, instituted this suit against the defendants, praying, among other things, that it might be declared that the temple was a public, religious, and charitable property, and that the second defendant had no proprietorial, or attachable interest therein; that the attachment, levied by the first defendant, against the property, might be declared to be invalid and ineffectual, and that the same might be raised. The Hon'ble Mr. Lang and Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Chitnis, Motilal, and Malvi, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Russell and Mr. Dhairyan, instructed by Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, appeared for the defendants.

The plaint stated that the first defendant obtained a money-decree against the second defendant Lakshumibai, widow of Bapu Haribhai, in suit No. 402 of 1890, and in execution of that decree attached the temple property, about the 11th May, 1891, as being the property of the second defendant, and in her possession. The temple property did not belong to the second defendant, but was religious and charitable property. The land, upon which the property stood was purchased and conveyed in the joint names of Tuljaram Nandram and the deity Shri Baldevji installed therein. The property had been ever since used as a temple, and frequented by numerous Hindu worshippers and devotees. The rents of such portions of the property as were let out were always applied for the purposes of the temple and the images therein. The property had ever since 1844 been dedicated to the said deities. The husband of the second defendant, Bapu Haribhai, was employed by the said Tuljaram, as a Punjari, and to read Puranas and perform the worship of the deities. Tuljaram died about twenty-five years ago, and after his death the Punjari, Bapu Haribhai, carried on the management of the temple and its property. Bapu died, and since his death the second defendant carried on the management of the temple. The plaintiff, Dwarkadas Lallubhai, took out a summons against the first defendant on the 6th August, 1891, to raise the attachment, and on the 14th January, 1892, it was dismissed, the court making an order that some person, or persons, should file a suit against the defendants before the 14th April, 1892, to establish that the property attached was a public and charitable property, costs of the said summons and order being dealt with by the judge trying such suit.

The first defendant filed his written statement, denying, amongst other things, that the property was religious and charitable property, against which an attachment ought not to be raised, and contending that the conveyance of the land, referred to in the plaint, had not the effect therein suggested. The first defendant further stated that at the time of the purchase of the land by Tuljaram, there were two sheds already existing thereon, in which was placed the Idol of Shri Baldevji. After the death of Tuljaram, Bapu Haribhai took possession of the said sheds and the Idol, and built a house in front thereof, and enlarged the the sheds, and in order to earn monies by way of offerings, Bapu Haribhai placed another Idol of Shri Hanuman in a portion of the house. The house and sheds were never dedicated to religious and charitable purposes, and were always known as the house of Bapu Haribhai. After Bapu's death, the second defendant took possession of them, and enjoyed the same in the same manner her husband Bapu did. Bapu was never employed by Tuljaram to read Purans, &c. The defendant further stated that even if the portion of the premises was saved, as stated in the plaint, that should not constitute the whole thereof religious and charitable property.

His Lordship, in delivering judgment, said that the temple in dispute was a public, religious, and charitable property, and as such was not liable to be attached in execution of a decree, against the second defendant, who was the widow of a deceased Punjari of the temple. His Lordship accordingly gave a decree in favour of the plaintiff, and ordered the defendants to pay the plaintiff's costs of suit, including the costs of the judge's summons issued herein to set aside the attachment levied by the first defendant.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice CANDY and the Hon. Mr. Justice FULTON.)

DOING AWAY WITH A NEWLY-BORN CHILD.

IMPERATRIX *VS.* RAMEE, WIDOW.

THIS was an appeal from a decision of Mr. H. F. Aston, Sessions Judge of Ratnagherry, who, in January last, convicted the accused of murder and sentenced her to transportation for life.

The accused, a Maratha by caste and a widow, had in a detailed statement which she made before the committing magistrate, given an account of the circumstances under which she was delivered of a male child, who was born alive, and how she cut its throat with a reaping-hook and buried it near her abode. Her ultimate object in killing her newly-born child was to avoid disgrace. To that statement she adhered in the Sessions Court. The crime was brought home to her by other evidence. There were two girls about fourteen years of age, in the house, the house of the accused's father, when the accused gave birth to the child. One of them, Ballee, a daughter of the accused, said that when she got up before dawn to heat water for her mother, the latter took the child away in a basket to bury it, and returned shortly without the child. The other girl, Taiji, a sister-in-law of the accused, said that the child was dead before the accused took it away in a basket. Both the witnesses gave fuller and probably true accounts to the committing magistrate than they did to the Sessions Judge, as to how they saw the child alive and saw the accused cut its throat with a reaping-hook. The police patel of the village was set in motion by a Mahar, and he in turn sent information to the chief constable. A head constable went to Mundhe and was followed by the chief constable, and a child's body was exhumed from a spot near the accused's abode indicated by her. The body was that of a male child, dead about two days, with a cut on the throat. The medical evidence showed that the child must have been born alive, and that death was most probably due to the incised wound which had nearly severed the throat. After the body had been examined, the accused indicated where the reaping-hook was kept in the eaves at the back of her residence. The evidence that the accused intentionally killed her newly-born child by cutting its throat after it was, born alive, was, in the opinion of the Sessions Judge clear and convincing. It was in evidence that the accused had been subject to fever for six months. Her crime appeared to have been committed when both moral perception and humane instinct were dulled by bodily infirmity and physical pain, and acute mental anguish. In any case the Sessions Judge said he should not feel justified in passing a capital sentence for an offence which was not distinguishable from the class in which he understood it to be the usual practice of the Government, as an act of clemency, to commute even a sentence of transportation to one of imprisonment. The accused's confession before the committing magistrate was as follows : At night I delivered safely. At first I had no mind to do away with the child. I told my daughter to make fire and prepare hot water to wash my body and the body of the child; but in the meantime, the child began to cry, and I was ashamed and thought that my relatives as well as my father, who was in the fields, would put me to shame. This thought was powerful in my mind, and the scythe which I had at first taken to cut the navel cord of the child was used by me to make a wound on the child's throat. Then I put the dead child in the basket and dug a hole near my house, and before daybreak I put the dead body in the hole.

Their Lordships, on a consideration of all the evidence in the case, dismissed the appeal and confirmed the sentence of transportation for life.

KILLING ON GRAVE AND SUDDEN PROVOCATION.

IMPERATRIX *VS.* ANNA KALU AND NANA RAMA.

THE accused in this case appealed from a decision of Mr. J. W. Walker, Sessions Judge of Satara, who convicted them of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and sentenced them each to seven years' rigourous imprisonment. Mr. Balajee Abajee appeared for the accused; and the Government Pleader, for the Crown.

The accused were charged with committing murder by intentionally causing the death of Nama Biru. The Sessions Judge agreed with the assessors in finding that the accused gave the wounds which caused Nama's death. The wounds were given in the heat of passion on a sudden quarrel. Nama was a Dhangar, about nineteen years of age, while the accused are Dhers of about the same age. They rented a forest grazing ground and took their cattle there to graze with four Mahar boys. The grazing ground adjoined on one side Nama's field in which he had scrop of bajri. His field was injured by the Dahiwadi cattle. On the 16th October last, Nama went to his field, and his corpse was found that evening in a 'nullah' close to his field. The medical evidence showed that his death was caused by three severe wounds on the head, which completely fractured the skull; and that these wounds might have been caused by stones or some other blunt instrument. The deceased and the two accused began quarrelling on the day in question about the cattle doing damage to Nama's field, and Nama gave the first accused a push, when the second accused struck Nama with a stick, and then both the accused hit him with stones and knocked him down. They then carried him away to the nullah. They were seen coming out of the nullah at a spot where the deceased's corpse was found the next day. The Sessions Judge held that the wounds were given in the heat of passion on a su den quarrel. It could hardly be held, said the Sessions Judge, that there was sufficient grave and sudden provocation; and it was a question whether the accused did not take undue advantage and act in a cruel manner; but the benefit of the doubt might be given to the accused. They were only about twenty years of age, and the Sessions Judge thought a sentence of seven years' imprisonment would suffice.

Mr. Justice Candy, in disposing of the appeal, said that, having regard to the youth of the accused, the fact that the deceased apparently began the quarrel by striking the first blow, and suddenness of what occurred, the Court must alter the sentence to three years' rigourous imprisonment in the case of each accused. The appeals were dismissed.

THE Queen, through their president, Mr. W. Ayerst Ingram, is lending the Royal Anglo-Australian Society of Artists for their exhibition next month some sixteen pictures by herself and the Prince Consort. These include portrait studies of the Queen's children when they were young, and some etchings, for in the latter Prince Albert, like one of his remote ancestors, was an adept. Etching with him was a pastime.

So great is the popularity of Duke Carl Theodore of Bavaria, who practices as a physician, that last year he attended over 5,000 patients, and performed 200 operations for diseases of the eye.

THE CONSTANT USE of Fothergill's Madonal keeps at bay the enemies of the Human Body in tropical climates, Rheumatism, Torpid Liver, Ibby Skin, and Stone in the Bladder. Rs. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.—MADON, SONS and Co., Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

THE usual monthly meeting of the members of this Society took place on Thursday last, the 23rd instant, Dr. D. MacDonald presiding.

NEW MEMBERS.

The following new members were elected :—

His Imperial and Royal Highness Arch-Duke Franz Ferdinand of Austria d'Este (Vienna), the hon'ble Mr. A. C. Trevor (Bombay), Major G. B. Wilkieson (Bangalore), Mr. A. W. Turner (Devacoolum), Mr. John A. Douglas (Bombay), Mr. H. S. Jacob (Shohazpur), Mr. B Bruce Foote (Baroda), Mr. A. Corrodi (Bombay), Mr. E. H. Hankin (Agra), Mr. Henry Rodgers, M. R. C. V. S. (Bombay), Mr. R. St. J. Walley, M. R. C. V. S. (Bombay), Lieutenant-Colonel J. M. Hunter (Kathiawar), Mr. A. Conley (Bombay), Lieutenant H. H. Nurse (Ahmedabad), M. T. R. Lawrence (Bombay), Dr. E. H. Cooke, M.A., M.B. (Bhusawal), Surgeon-Major C. G. W. Lowdell (Goona, C.I.), Lieutenant R. W. Burton (Rajchore), Mr. G. Bidi (Bombay), Mr. G. Bower, B.C.S. (Mirzapore), Mr. W. Frazer Biscoe (Secunderabad), Mr. W. D. Sheppard, C. S. (Karwar), his Highness the Maharajah of Kolhapore, and Lieutenant G. E. Bruce (Rangoon).

LIFE MEMBERS.

The Honorary Secretary stated that the following members had availed themselves of the new rule and had compounded their subscriptions for life :—(1) H. H. the Maharajah Scindia of Gwalior ; (2) Mr. G. C. Whitworth, C.S. ; (3) Mr. K. B. Kama ; (4) Mr. D. J. Tata ; (5) Mr. H. M. Phipson ; (6) H. I. H

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No Trade Advertisements are admitted under this scale.

GOLD KEEPER RINGS.—English-made solid 18-carat Gold Keeper Rings in the latest, most artistic designs. Plain or chased Bands. Plain and Fancy Buckle and stone Basket or Pleated patterns at prices unheard of in the depreciated Rupee. Rr. 20, 24, 28, 30, and 34. Sapphire Rings set with one Diamond and two Rubies or Sapphires, Rs. 30 and 42.—MARCKS & Co., Ld. Goldsmiths, Bombay and Poona.

BOMBAY FOX HOUNDS FOR SALE.—For delivery about the middle of March. For particulars apply to the Master, Bombay Fox hounds, The Kennels, Byculla.

BEST KYBER RUGS and ART SQUARES. A good selection of the above in various sizes and newest patterns. Can now be seen at JOHN ROBERTS and Co., Ltd., 13, Marine Street, Inspection invited.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR, also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates by applying to PESTONJEE SAW, Diplomaed Dawk Contractor to H. E. the Governor of Bombay and Staff.

ROTHERHAM AND SONS' ENGLISH KEYLESS GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, in hunting cases, full jewelled centre, ¼ plate, with compensation balance, guaranteed to keep perfect time.—CURSETJEE DOWARJEE, G. I. P. Railway Watchmaker, 42, Meadows Street.

THREE FLOORS TO BE LET, from 1st March, in Fort, Church Gate Street, will be repaired and oil painted. Apply at MORTON, MAJU and Co.'s Tea Emporium, Church Gate Street, Fort.

TO BE LET.—SEA GALE, Cumballa Hill. Apply to NANABHOY D. BANAJEE, Esq., Manockjee Petit Mills, Tardeo, Bombay.

TO LET.—A Commodious HOUSE, of two Compartments, at Chowpatty, near the Wilson College, for Family Residence. Each compartment consists of three Floors, with a large Verandah, a Drawing-room, and three Large and Airy Bed-rooms, a Cook-room, Godown, and separate Latrine. For particulars regarding Rents, &c., apply to the owner, Mr. ABOOBUCKER JAMAL, on the Premises.

FELIX CORNAGLIA, Manufacturing Confectioner. Importer of French, English and Italian Sauces and Wines. Sweets and Chocolates fresh made always ready. Cakes of every description.—33, Meadows Street, Fort.

BAROUCHE, by KESTERTON. 2 pair of Chesnut Walers for sale. Price of turn-out Rs. 1,800. Apply to DR. LANGLEY.

SAVE at least 10 Per Cent, by sending your orders for Oilman's Stores to PEARSE and Co., Apollo Street, Bombay. Jams As 5 a tin. Milk Maid Brand Milk As 4. Fresh Salmon As. 6½. Fresh Herrings As 4. Potted Meat, As 5. Price Lists on Application.

SETS of ARTIFICIAL TEETH at only half the usual charge. Apply to Mr. GHEESTA, near new Byculla Railway Station, opposite the Victoria Gardens.

MRS. M. A. RIORDAN, Diplomæd Midwife and Sick Nurse, at Cannanore, says:—After a personal use I find MOTIVALA'S TOOTHPOWDER to be an astringent which cleanses and strengthens the Teeth, removes tartar, and is very efficacious in preventing Toothache.

ON VIEW.—Mr. C. Greenway's Bona-fide Sale of Valuable furniture, Piano, &c., at "APOLLO HOUSE," Apollo Street, Fort.

AT CRAWFORD'S AUCTION, on MONDAY, Mr. F. Yorke Smith's Pair of Young Walers, English Victoria and Single-seated Brougham, Harness and Saddles.

AT CRAWFORD'S AUCTION, on MONDAY, Mr. J. Janni's Hungarian Horse's (1 Pair and 1 single) English Barouche and Brougham and Yacht "Falcon."

ALL our Watches from Rs. 25 and above are guaranteed for five years, including breakages,—that is, all repairs will be done free within that period.—STEFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, full plate PHOTOGRAPHIC CAMERA, in good condition.—" Box 2," care of this office.

WANTED AT ONCE, fully competent SHORTHAND REPORTER.—Address with copies of testimonials and stating salary required, "A. Z.," care of this Office.

FRESH CONSIGNMENT.—JAVA CIGARS, Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, at Rs. 2-8, 2-4, 2-0 and 2-2 per 100 respectively. These Cigars are manufactured of selected Java and Dindigul Tobacco, and we are confident that they will meet with the entire approval of all the lovers of Java Cigars.—N. B. DANTRA & Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTICLES FOR SALE.—Meagher's 10 by 8 Camera complete, with all the necessary requisites; also one Dallmeyer's 12 by 10 lens. Apply to S. N. DABHALKAR, Dabhalkar's Wada, Kalbadevi Road.

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5. Their effect on Language, Laws, Literature, Customs, Character, and Race.
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D. MACDONALD, M.D., B. Sc., C. M.
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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORTS.

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 24.

BEYOND a temporary spurt in Linseed, leading to much larger transactions in this staple on one or two days, and to a material advance in prices which, however, was only partially maintained, there has been but little to break the continued dulness in our export market in the week under review. Cotton, though improved in value in sympathy with the ruling markets, has been neglected by exporters, and in small request by local spinners; while Wheat has, on the whole, been taken to only a moderate extent, though at a slight advance in rates. The course of Exchange, following that of Silver, has been downward, and our quotations this evening are 3-32d. lower than they were a week ago. Government Paper has fluctuated in value, but is now 1-16 per cent. higher in Fours than our quotations of a week ago. Freights are dull; but there has been no change in rates to speak of during the past week. A moderate business has been done in imports at prices tending, if anything, in sellers' favour in sympathy with the firmness in Manchester.

MONEY.—The principal feature in the Presidency Bank's Statement of Affairs, issued at the beginning of the week, was large withdrawals from Private Deposits, say of over 75¾ lakhs, which had taken place since the date of the last return, leading to a diminution in the Bank's Cash Balance in the meantime of 71¾ lakhs, and making the Balance last Saturday evening, at 178¾ lakhs, about the same as it stood at towards the end of January, and before the large increase in Private Deposits at the beginning of the present month, had raised it to 265 lakhs. A slight increase in Loans, and a material addition to Bills Discounted, in addition to the decrease in Deposits above referred to, made the total increase in trade requirements stand at over 86¾ lakhs; but, on the other hand, the Balance was helped by a considerable increase in Government Deposits at the Bank's head office, and by a sensible addition to the same at the branches. It has not, however, been deemed necessary to make any further change in the rates of the Bank of Bombay; and the minimum remains at 5 per cent.

EXCHANGE opened with a steady feeling on last mail-day at 1s. 2 23-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, respectively, and at 1s. 2 23-32d. for three months' sight Credits, for ready and forward delivery of the latter; but there was next to no business passing either way, and the market closed quiet. On Monday morning the feeling was still quiet at 1s. 2 23-32d. and 1s. 2¾d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, respectively, at which a moderate demand sprang up, and, at the close, it seemed doubtful whether these rates could have been obtained for ready delivery. For three months' sight Credits 1s. 2¾d. was the opening rate for fear delivery, at which a little was done thence to the middle of March, and before the close, this rate was obtainable for both ready and forward delivery. The opening rates for Bank media of remittance, on Tuesday morning were, 1s. 2 23-32d. for Telegraphic, and 1s. 2¾d. in one direction, at which a little was given, when 1-32d. lower became the rate, ready and forward, no enquiry, however, being felt at the reduction. The rate for three months' sight Credits, ready, and for future delivery was 1s. 2¾d., at which a few transactions transpired; but the business passing both ways was very limited. On the following day rates opened at 1s. 2 21-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 11-16d. for Demand, at which there was no enquiry, though, before long, Telegraphic became 1s. 2 11-16d. The rate for three months' sight Credits was 1s. 2 27-32d. for February-March delivery, at which a small amount was placed; but business continued to be on a very limited scale. The feeling at opening yesterday was quiet, at 1s. 2 11-16d. and 1s. 2 23-32d. for Bank Telegraphic and Demand, respectively, ready Telegraphic not having been available for long at the rate; but there was little or no enquiry for Bank remittance. Three months' sight Credits were 1s. 2 27-32d. for both ready and forward delivery, at which a moderate amount was placed.

This morning the market was quieter at 1s. 2 21-32d. for Bank Telegraphic, and 1s. 2 11-16d. for demand, and remained thereat without much enquiry; but 1-32d. higher was obtainable from the 15th March, and business was reported in Telegraphic, at 1s. 2 23-32d. for May transfer. The rate for three months' sightCredits opened at 1s. 2 27-32d. though during the day 1s. 2 13-16d. was procurable for near delivery, at which a few lots changed hands, and the market closed quiet but steady as follows:—

Bank	d/d	....1s. 2 11-16d.
Do.	T/T	....1s. 2 21-32d.
Do.	3 m/s	....1s. 2 23-32d.
Do.	4 do.	....1s. 2¾d.
Do.	6 do.	....1s. 2 13-16d.
Credit	3 do.	....1s. 2 13-16d. to 27-32d.
Do.	6 do.	....1s. 2 29-32d. to 15-16d.
Documents	3 do.	....1s. 2 27-32d. to ¾d.
Do.	6 do.	....1s. 2 15-16d. to 1s. 2 31-32d.
Francs	3 do.	....1-56¼
Do.	6 do.	....1-57¼

GOVERNMENT PAPER improved last Saturday to the extent of 3-16 per cent. in rates for Fours, and the market closed steady at 105 5/8 for cash; 105 5-16 for the February account; and 105 1-16 for the end of March; with 101, nominal, still quoted for 4½ per Cents. On Monday, however, the market declined a little from Saturday's final rates for Fours, and 105 5-16 for cash; 105¼ for the March coming settlement; and 105 1-16 for the March account became the quotations, at which the market remained steady till near the close, when a further fall of 1-16 per cent. took place, the Money price leaving off at 105¼. There was not much actual change in rates for Fours on Tuesday, but the feeling was weak throughout the day, and closing rates were 105¼ for cash; 105 3-16 for this month's settlement; and 105 for the March account; the price of 4½ per cents remaining at 101 nominal. On the following day rates for Fours declined 3-16 per cent., say, to 105 1-16 for Money and the near account, and 104½ for the end of March, and remained at these rates throughout the day until the close when a recovery of 1-16 per cent. took place, the cash price leaving off at 105¼. Yesterday the market was steady at 105½ for Money and Monday's settlement, and 105 for the account at the end of next month, for Four per Cents; but rates stiffened a little at the close, and left off 1-16 per cent. higher. A further slight improvement in rates for Fours took place to-day, and closing quotations this evening are 105¾ for cash and Monday; and 105 1-16 for the March settlement, with a steady feeling in the market: and 101, nominal, quoted for 4½ per Cents.

Municipal 5 per cent. Loan is unchanged at 116½. Port Trust Bonds are also unaltered, at 104.

SHARES have attracted only a moderate amount of attention during the past week; but the tone of the market both for Cotton Mill and Press scrip has favoured sellers; and on both lines prices have improved in a number of cases. Compared with our quotations of last Friday evening, we have to report an advance of Rs. 35 per share in Hyderabad Cotton Mill shares; of Rs. 30 in Manockjee Petit; of Rs 25 in Madras United; of Rs. 17½ in Luckmidas; of Rs. 15 in Khatao Macconji, and Jubilee; of Rs. 10 each in James Greaves, and Bombay Cotton, of Rs. 7½ in Mazagon; and of Rs. 5 each in Indian Manufacturing and Khandeish. On the other hand, Star of India have declined Rs. 50; Ripon, Rs. 35; Britannia, Rs. 28; and David, Rs. 5. In Cotton Press shares, Volkart have advanced Rs. 25; Prince of Wales, Rs. 17½; Munmar Rs. 12½; New Indian, Rs. 3¾.; and Mercantile Rs. 1¼. In Miscellaneous shares, Alcock Ashdown, second issue, are Rs. 5 lower; Badham, Pile have declined Rs. 4; Bombay Ice are down Rs. 2; Oriental Life have advanced Rs. 10; Port Canning are Rs. 5 higher; Treacher and Co. have declined Rs. 5. Bank of Bombay shares are Rs. 13¾ higher; but Bank of Madras have declined Rs. 25 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.—The firmness of the Manchester Market has imparted more steadiness to the position on this side during the past week and prices of staple Grey Goods are, if anything, tending in sellers' favour. The demand for the up-country markets, however, continues to be of only a tentative kind. Stocks are the same as last week. In *Bleached Goods*, light makes of *Nainsooks*, *Jacconets*, and *Mulls* are selling freely, and at better prices. We have no change to report in *Dyed Turkey Red*, or *Printed Goods*; and *Locally-made Goods* are in much the same position as they were a week ago. The Clearances of *Imported Goods* from the bazaar during the week are estimated at 3,900 packages; and of *Local Goods* at some 1,600 bales.

YARNS.—Only a small business has been passing again in *Imported Twist*; but the market is steady and prices are quite unchanged. Owing to the increasing firmness in Cotton at Liverpool this week, spinners of *Local Yarn* have become more decided in demanding higher rates; and some have obtained 1-16 to ¼ anna per lb. upon last Friday's rates. A large business has taken place, the week's Sales having aggregated some 10,000 bales, and the market closed steady at the following official quotations:—

Twist...	... No. 6s Mule, As.	5½	to 5¾	per lb.
,, ...	... ,, 8s ,,	5¾	,, 6¼	,,
,, ...	... ,, 10s ,,	5¾	,, 6¼	,,
,, ...	... ,, 12s ,,	5¾	,, 6¼	,,
,, ...	... ,, 16s ,,	6¼	,, 6¾	,,
,, ...	... ,, 20s ,,	6¾	,, 7¼	,,
,, ...	... ,, 24s ,,	7¼	,, 7¾	,,
,, ...	... ,, 30s ,,	7¾	,, 8	,,
,, ...	... ,, 40s ,,	8¼	,, 9¼	,,

METALS.—A moderate business has been done in *Copper* during the week, in a steady market, and on the basis of previous quotations. *Yellow Metal* has been taken to a small extent, and the market is quiet in tone, at a decline in prices of 2 annas per cwt. *Iron* is also quiet with only a small business passing; but rates are unchanged for all descriptions.

COAL.—Sales have been reported during the week of *Powell's, Duffryn*, for February-March shipment, at Rs. 15½; and of the same description, for March-April shipment, at Rs. 18½ per ton. We quote alongside:—

Welsh Hartley	Rs. 14	per ton. nominal.
West do.	,, 15½	,,
Australian	,, 14	,, nominal.
Cardiff	,, 16	,,

EXPORTS.

COTTON advanced in value at the end of last and the beginning of the present week, in sympathy with the upward movement, in New York and Liverpool; but no business was done by exporters, and very little by the Mills; and thereafter the market remained steady at previous quotations, shippers taking only a few hundred bales daily, and local consumers not much more. The purchases of the former for the week sum up about 1,500 bales of new Oomras descriptions and Bengals; while the Mills have taken some 5,500 bales, chiefly ready new Oomras, Bengals, Bhownugger and Mowa, and Broach ready and to arrive, but including a little old Vengoorla, Bhownugger, and Dharwar. The market closed this evening steady, with prices Rs. 6 to Rs. 9 higher than they were a week ago.

The Receipts of Cotton of this season's crop during the past week have been 39,000 bales, compared with 43,500 bales arrived in the week preceding, and with 56,000 bales in the corresponding week last year; and the excess in this season's arrivals of new Cotton to date, compared with those last year now stands at 110,000 bales, against an increase of 127,000 bales a week ago.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton, with the equivalents in sterling, cost, and freight to Liverpool via Canal, without commission, viz:—

Cotton—	C. & F. Per candy.—Per lb.
Broach Fine (March)	Rs. 271—4 27-32d.
Do. Good ,,	,, 261—4¼d.
Bengal Fine	,, 239—4 7-16d.
Do. Fully Good	,, 215—4d.
Do. Good	,, 205—3 27-32d.
Dhollera Fine (May)	,, 249—4¼d.
Do. Fully Good ,,	,, 237—4 13-32d.
Do. Good	,, 224—4 5-32d.
Khandeish, Fully Good, (Feb.-March)	,, 233—4 11-32d.
Do. Good	,, 225—4 3-16d.
Oomra Fully ,, (Feb.-March)	,, 240—4 15-32d.
Belauze, Fine (Feb.-March)	,, 240—4 15-32d.
Do. Fully Good ,,	,, 232—4 5-16d.
S.G Dharwar Good (May)	,, 242—4¼d.
Westerns ,,	,, 231—4¼d.

The arrivals of new Crop Cotton into Bombay this season, as compared with last, are as follows:—

	Season 1892-93. F. P. Bales.	Season 1891-92. F. P. Bales.
Khandeish	148,500	129,700
Berar	124,800	120,000
Barsi and Nugger	34,500	23,000
Bengals	118,000	53,500
Hingunghat	7,200	1,300
Persian and Sind	12,500	8,500
Dholleras	9,000	7,000
Broach	2,000	3,500
	456,500	346,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years:—

Receipts.	1893. Bales.	1892. Bales.	1891. Bales
For the Week	38,921	56,493	79,162
From 1st Jan. to 23rd Feb.	316,532	269,729	471,985
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	7,530	14,232	43,916
From 1st Jan. to 23rd Feb.	122,955	81,338	187,551
Clearances to Calcutta, China, &c.			
For the Week	1,677	9,469	2,694
From 1st Jan. to 22rd Feb.	25,134	26,917	19,668

WHEAT.—There has been rather more enquiry from shippers on some days, and, in the middle of the week, a slight advance in prices took place, the feeling having been steady; but business on the whole has still been upon only a moderate scale.

SEEDS.—The market became strong, especially for *Linseed*, at the close of last week, and this description advanced in value 2 annas per cwt, and on Monday and Tuesday there was a further rise of 3 annas per cwt. on each day, a considerable business being done in a firm market. Thereafter the feeling became quiet again, with only a moderate business passing, and 5 annas of the previous advance in *Linseed* was lost, though a slight recovery was subsequently made in a steady market. We quote closing rates this evening as follows:—

Linseed	Rs. 8-12-0 to Rs. 8-14-6 per cwt.
Rapeseed Yellow Guzerat ,,	7-12-0
,, ,, Cawnpore ,,	7-3-0 to ,, 7-5-0 ,,
,, ,, Red ,,	7-0-0 to ,, 7-2-0 ,,
Gingelly White ,,	44-0-0 to ,, 45-0-0 per candy.
Do. Mixed ,,	39-0-0 to ,, 42-0-0 ,,

The comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows:—

	1893. cwts.	892. cwts.	1891. cwts.
Wheat for the Week	100,960	130,862	74,095
do. from 1st Jan. to 23rd February	714,055	856,936	1,024,233
Linseed for the week	107,829	109,535	119,612
do. from 1st Jan. to 23rd February	255,857	312,679	484,354
Rapeseed for the week	30,831	8,264	21,957
do. from 1st Jan. to 23rd February	155,792	20,265	94,433
Gingellyseed for the week	90,563	61,202	80,541
do. from 1st Jan. to 23rd February	497,900	516,995	500,090

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows:—

	1893. cwts.	1892. cwts.	1891. cwts.
Wheat for the week	87,422	163,300	67,147
do. from 1st January to 23rd February	673,499	1,330,104	1,018,396
Linseed for the week	33,993	79,440	58,326
do. from 1st January to 23rd February	217,195	278,232	411,775
Rapeseed for the week	14,806	.....	26,305
do. from 1st January to 23rd February	211,988	7,016	153,426
Gingellyseed for the week	38,111	84,214	68,151
do. from 1st January to 23rd February	410,016	330,229	273,712

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 23.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats steady.

Good Dholleras	4 7-16

The Manchester Market has been firm.

2½ per cent. Consols	98¼
3 per cent. Rentes	98
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	109¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	64¼
Bar Silver	38 5-16
Exchange on India 30 days' sight	1/2 7-16

The Bank of England returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total bullion, £27,200,000; increase, £400,000; public deposits, £8,300,000, increase, £500,000; other deposits, £28,900,000; decrease, £100,000; other securities, £25,000,000; increase, £600,000; notes and gold, £19,200,000; increase, £700,000. The Bank's reserve is 51 per cent. of the liabilities.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, FEB. 24.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Thibet arrived here yesterday morning.

COLOMBO, FEB. 24.

French mail steamer Natal from Aden arrived.
French Troopship Shamrock from Tulon arrived.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.
(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

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TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE NEW GOVERNOR OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

LONDON, FEB. 24.

Mr. Robert Duff, member for Banff, succeeds the Earl of Jersey, as Governor of New South Wales.

DISESTABLISHMENT IN WALES.

In the House of Commons, last night, Mr. Asquith introduced a Bill suspending appointments in the Established Church in Wales. He explained that the Bill was the first step towards disestablishment and disendowment in Wales.

Sir John Gorst moved the rejection of the Bill.

Mr. Gladstone, replying to Lord Randolph Churchill's taunts, admitted that the object was to secure votes by satisfying the Welsh members.

The Bill was then read a first time, 301 members voting for it, and 245 against it.

LATER.

In the debate on the first reading of Mr. Asquith's Bill for suspending appointments in the Established Church in Wales, Mr. Gladstone further said that Government were merely fulfilling the pledges given when they were in opposition, and he asked the House to vote both for Disestablishment and Home Rule.

Twenty Unionists voted with the Government on the first reading of Mr. Asquith's Bill.

AN IMPORTANT CORRECTION.

LATEST.

Mr. Gladstone's remarks, in reply to Lord Randolph Churchill's taunt that the object of Mr. Asquith's Bill was to secure votes by satisfying the Welsh members, were misreported from the House. No such statement as that attributed to him was made by the Right Hon. Gentleman.

ELECTION NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 24.

Mr. Lawson, the Liberal candidate, has been elected for Cirencester (Gloucester, East) defeating Colonel T. W. Chester Master, the Conservative candidate, by a majority of two hundred and forty votes.

[The representation here is unaltered, and the majority increased by 87 votes.]

THE WATERLOO CUP.

LONDON, FEB. 24.

In the coursing match for the Waterloo Cup Mr Cotterell's Dog Character beat Mr. Baxter's Button. Park.

END OF THE STRIKE AT OLDHAM.

Some of the Cotton Mills at Oldham, employing altogether one million spindles, have resumed work on the terms asked by the operatives.

THE POPE ON HOME RULE.

ROME, FEB. 23.

In the course of a conversation the Pope had with Cardinal Logue, his Holiness expressed his warm approval of Home Rule.

INCREASE OF THE AUSTRIAN ARMY.

VIENNA, FEB. 23.

The Government have decided to increase the Austrian Army by twenty-two Regiments.

THE MAILS.

SUEZ, FEB. 23.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Shannon, with the outward English mails of the 17th instant, left here for Bombay, at 9 a.m., to-day.

EXPLORATIONS IN THE PAMIRS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 24.

News from Kashgar, dated 5th December, states that Lord Dunmore and Major Roche arrived from the Pamirs, having accomplished a ride of six hundred miles. They were well received by the Russian at Colonel Yanoff's head-quarters at Murchabi and also at the Russian Fort Rang-Kul, but on crossing the Chinese frontier different experience awaited them. The Chinese officer, who took them to be Russian spies, detained them at Fort Bulum Kul; and being separated from their baggage they were unable to produce their passports. They complain that the behaviour of this official was something very insolent, and was more inexcusable as the British Agent at Kashgar warned the Chinese officials of their coming and asked to be treated properly. However, eventually, they produced their passports, and were allowed to go free. On hearing of this incident Mr. Macartney demanded satisfaction from Tootai, and Lord Dunmore and companion have had satisfaction, receiving a complete apology on behalf of the Chinese Government.

VOLUNTEERS IN INDIA.

The number of Volunteers in all India, for whom capitation allowance has been passed for 1892-93, reaches 22,431, an increase of 883 over the previous year.

FRONTIER NEWS.

There is still no news of the actual arrival of Surgeon-Major Robertson at Chitral, but the report regarding his progress is expected daily at Peshawar by the Bajour route. Telegraphic communication from Gilgit is still interrupted by snow.

Sher Afzul, whom Nizam-ul-Mulk ousted from Chitral, remains at Kabul as the guest of the Amir, apparently with no intention of repeating the experiment of possessing himself of the Mehtarship.

BITTEN BY A DOG.

Mr. W. M. Masson, nephew of Mr. Masson of the Punjab Banking Company, who has been slightly bitten by a mad dog, at Kashmir, starts as a precautionary measure immediately to Paris for treatment by M. Pasteur.

LIEUTENANT WATT'S HEALTH.

It is reported from Bareilly that Lieutenant Watt, who was shot with a magazine rifle, passed a fairly good night. Every hope is entertained of his recovery.

THE WEATHER.

Blizzard continues at Naini Tal. It has been snowing for thirty-one hours. Wind is blowing from all points of the compass. Three feet of snow has fallen and drifts are very deep.

A succession of very heavy showers have fallen at Sharunpur for twenty-four hours with every appearance of continuing.

The spring crops are already considerably injured. It has been incessantly drizzling since very early this morning at Allahabad. The weather is intensely cold.

TRANSFERS IN THE ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 24.

Several transfers are taking place amongst the officers of the Superior Accounts Branch, in the Public Works Department. Mr. Braddon, Government Examiner of Bengal and North-Western Railway, goes from Gorakpur to Jhansi to the Indian Midland Railway, replacing Mr. Rainier, who proceeds on furlough. Mr. Wright from Ajmere succeeds Mr. Braddon, and Mr. Sweet will be moved from the Eastern Bengal Railway to replace Mr. Wright. Mr. Gaynor from Madras goes to the Eastern Bengal Railway, and Mr. Crisp from Bombay succeeds him at Madras, while Mr. Eicke is to be transferred from Bombay to Burma.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Home Department.—Mr. B. Beames has been permitted to resign the Civil Service.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Tottenham and Mr. T. J. C. Grant of the Civil Service, have also been permitted to resign the service.

A despatch has been published from the India Office announcing the appointment of Sir C. H. T. Crosthwaite to be Lieutenant-Governor of the N.-W. Provinces.

The services of Surgeon-Major A. E. E. Stephens have been placed permanently at the disposal of the Bengal Government.

Foreign Department.—Mr. Georges Flambruiari acts as Consul for Greece at Calcutta.

Major O. E. Yate, C.S.I, C.M.G., has been posted as Political Agent, Zhob.

Mr. D. E. W. Leighton has been appointed as Italian Consul at Madras.

SALE OF THE *INDIAN DAILY NEWS*.

The *Indian Daily News* has been sold by Mr. James Wilson to an influential local syndicate, who will take possession of it on the 1st proximo.

THE SHIP HAWTHORN BANK.

The ship Hawthorn Bank, just arrived from Balasore, had an eventful voyage from Java, taking seventy days to do the distance. Shortly after leaving the port there was an outbreak of Java fever on board. The malady was something like the Burgage beri-beri; limbs and extremities swelled up, sores broke out, and the patients suffered terribly. Out of a crew of twenty-six, eleven died on the voyage. Four others also attacked with fever, were sent up from Balasore to Calcutta, and they are now in the hospital.

BOMBAY RELIEFS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 24.

The following are the reliefs sanctioned for the Bombay Presidency :—

British Artillery.—R. H. A. N Battery has been transferred from Mhow, to Neemuch; A Battery, England to Mhow; R. A. 17th Field Battery, Neemuch, to Jabalpur; 20th Field Battery, Kamptee, to England; 26th Field Battery, Ahmednagar, to Kamptee; 44th Field Battery, Jabalpur, to Neemuch, 59th Field Battery, Mian Mir, to Neemuch; and A Battery, England, to Amednagar. Native Artillery.—6th Bombay Mountain Battery, Poona, to Loralai. Native Cavalry.—5th Bombay Cavalry, Fort Sandeman, to Jacobabad; 6th Bombay Cavalry, Quetta, to Fort Sandeman; and 7th Bombay Cavalry, Jacobabad, to Quetta. British Infantry.—2nd Royal Lancaster Regiment, Amednugger, to Nasirabad; 2nd Lancaster Fusiliers, Poona, to Quetta; 2nd Gloucester Regiment, Nasirabad, to Aden; 2nd South Wales Borderers, Aden, to England; and 2nd Middlesex Regiment, Quetta, to Ahmednugger. Native Infantry.—2nd Bombay Infantry, Quetta, to Poona; 5th Bombay Infantry, Bombay, to Neemuch; 13th Bombay Infantry, Poona, to Aden; 16th Bombay Infantry, Aden, to Ahmedabad; and 22nd Bombay Infantry, Ahmedabad to Bombay.

A SENTRY SHOT DEAD AT KAJURI KACH.

News has been received that a sentry has been shot dead, at Kajuri Kach, and his rifle stolen on the 21st instant. No clue has been obtained as to his murderers.

BOMBAY ARMY ORDERS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 24.

H. E. the Commander-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments :—

Bombay Sappers and Miners.—Lieutenant West, Royal Engineers, to be Company Officer, 3rd Bombay Light Infantry; Major Welch, 2nd-in-Command, 25th (3rd Battalion) Rifle Regiment Bombay Infantry, to be officiating Commandant, *vice* Colonel Mander, proceeded on leave; and Captain W. S. Birdwood, Wing Commander, to be 2nd-in-Command, *vice* Major MacMahon, deceased.

10th Bombay Light Infantry.—Lieutenant Hill, 2nd Battalion Royal Munster Fusiliers, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, to officiate as Wing Officer, on probation.

28th Bombay Infantry Pioneers.—Major Reilly, 2nd-in-Command, to be Commandant; Captain Chase, V.C., Wing Commander, to be 2nd-in-Command; Captain Vidal, from Wing Commander, 13th Bombay Infantry, to be Wing Commander, in succession to Colonel Westmacott, C.B., D.S.O., who vacates the command.

Surgeon-Colonel Turnbull, I.M.S., having been appointed Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, will proceed to Bombay, to relieve Surgeon-Major-General Pinkerton, I.M.S., on his departure from Karachi; the military duties of his office will, as a temporary measure, be carried on by Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson.

Surgeon-Major Bourke, in charge of the Station Hospital at Kirkee, is appointed to the medical charge of the Station Hospital at Purandhar on the expiration of Surgeon-Captain Barnes' tour of duty.

Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Banks is posted to the Sind District, pending the appointment of his successor, Surgeon-Colonel Turnbull.

Surgeon-Captain Culling, on return from sick leave in England, will be posted to general duty, Bombay District.

2nd-Lieutenant Krickenbeck will, on arrival in India, be attached for duty to the Royal Lancaster Regiment.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave of absence :—

Royal Artillery.—Captain Hanwell, 17th Field Battery, to England, for nine months on private affairs; and Lieutenant Oldham, 26th Field Battery to England, for six months, on private affairs.

3rd Bombay Light Infantry.—Lieutenant Baugh (Staff Corps), to Bombay, from 7th February to 20th March, on medical certificate.

Army Medical Staff.—Surgeon-Captain Thacker, to England, for five months, on private affairs.

THE MISQUITH DIVORCE CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 24.

Yesterday afternoon the Misquith vs. French Divorce Case was again before the High Court for settlement of issues. Issues were framed and a commission to examine the two ladies in England was ordered. The co-respondent holds that Mr. Misquith's marriage is invalid.

INAUGURATION OF A BRIDGE ON THE KISTNA.

H. E. the Governor opens the new railway bridge over the Kistna, on the 18th proximo.

THE MUD-GORGE RAILWAY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, FEB. 23.

It has been definitely arranged that a conference to consider the question of a railway to the Mud Gorge will meet at Sibi on 24th March. Mr. Horace Bell acts as president. The Kotah Durbar is prepared to contribute fifty lakhs towards any project for giving railway communication with the State.

THE PHILHARMONIC CONCERT.

THE second concert of the sixth season of the Bombay Philharmonic Society was given on Thursday evening, when Mendelssohn Bartholdy's "Lobgesang" was sung. The chorus had the assistance of a full orchestra, which was composed as follows :—Violin I.—Herr Schmuck, Mr. Wilson, Herr Graeffe, and Miss Peiraza. Violin II.—Mr. Inzoli, Miss Kirkham, and Corpl. Powell. Viola.—Herr Zimmer, Mr. Vernon Bayley, and Sergt. Quant. Flute.—Lce.-Corpl. Bee Oboe.—Sergt. McGann. Clarionette.—Pte. Conolly and Pte. Ashton. Bassoon.—Pte. Smith and Corpl. Bassett. Horn.—Corpl. Pattison and Pte. Goodfellow. Trombone.—Corpl. Burke. Violoncello.—Mr. DeCruz and Sergt. Elliot. Bass.—Herr Stella. Tympani.—Mr. G. R. Johnston. Organ.—Mr. Seymour Dove. And to say that the symphony was well performed were to pay it but a poor compliment. But on an average audience and an average choir, whose appreciation of instrumental music, however beautiful, becomes somewhat severely tested after twenty-five minutes, the performance palled. When it was over the conductor was tired, the audience inclined to impatience, and the chorus had so far lost interest as to have forgotten that it was necessary that in obeying the injunction "All men, all things, all that has life and breath, sing to the Lord," they should do so, as if they meant it, and give out a full and spirited volume of sound. But they did not rise to the occasion, and opinion seemed divided as to whether the fault was that of the conductor or of those beneath his baton, for while he endeavoured to infuse life into them by commanding them "go on," some of the chorus cried out "stop." Th effect was ludicrous. There can only be one conductor and members should have remembered it was theirs to obey, not to command. But Mr Nixon, out of a threatened collapse, succeeded in evolving order, and got his unruly men in order and carried to a successful issue a very trying undertaking. Mrs. Squires with her solo "Praise thou the Lord" served to assure the audience that they might expect good things; but as was the case with other soloists the effect of her singing was destroyed by the too powerful accompaniment, Captain Heyman, with a courage worthy of the cause, acted as tenor soloist and Miss Tudball as soprano. With Mrs. Nixon she sang the duet, "I waited for the Lord," in excellent style, and her solos were in every case creditable. But the choruses of course in the "Lobgesang" were the features, and in the rendering of these the choir more than compensated for the extraordinary opening, which was the one unfortunate incident marring a highly creditable performance.

VOLUNTEER PRIZE SHOOTING.

MATCH I.

	S. 500 Yds.	S. 600 Yds.	Handicap, Carbine.	Handicap, Added.	Grand Total	Prize Rs.
Corpl Lund, B V R	32	31	..	..	63	20
Cr-Sergt Thomas, B V R	31	29	..	3	63	15
Cr-Sergt Black, B V R	31	30	..	1	61	15
Lce-Corpl Otto, B V R	28	31	..	2	61	10
Sergt Prescott, B V R	29	30	..	2	61	10
Sergt McKinnon, B V R	30	30	..	..	60	5
Vol Pyrke, B V R	24	32	..	2	58	5
Corpl Chitts, B V R	24	29	..	4	57	5
Sergt Nicoll, B V R	26	27	..	4	57	5
Vol Clyne, B V R	24	25	..	4	57	5
Ar-Sergt [illegible] B V R	28	24	..	4	56	5
Lce-Sergt [illegible] B V R	23	24	..	4	56	5
Sergt Robinson, B V R	29	23	..	4	56	5
Gunner Butler, B V A	27	31	..	2	56	*
Vol Chitts, B V R	23	28	..	4	55	5
Vol Lilley, B V R	25	26	..	4	55	5

* See Bye-Law.

MATCH II.

	Scores. 500 Yds.	600 Yds.	Hyap. Carbine.	Hyap. Added.	Grand Total	Prize
Gunner Butler, B V A	32	28	..	2	60	20
Lieut Sharp, B V R	31	26	..	2	59	
Cr-Sergt Thomas, B V R	25	31	..	2	58	15
Sergt Brewer, B V R	30	24	..	2	56	10
Gunner Simms, B V A	29	23	..	4	56	10
Vol Baird, B V R	26	25	..	4	55	10
Sergt-Maj Bentley, B V A	24	27	..	2	54	5
Ar-Sergt Boylette, B V R	25	28	..	2	53	5
Corpl Hussey, B V R	23	26	..	4	53	5
Vol Chitts, B V R	27	22	..	4	53	5
Lce-Corpl Otto, B V R	27	22	..	2	51	5
Corpl Valladares, B V R	27	20	..	4	51	5
Vol Mullen, B V R	33	17	..	4	51	5
Vol Lilley, B V R	31	16	..	4	51	5
Cr-Sergt Black, B V R	24	25	..	..	49	5

* A handsome time-piece, value Rs. 100, presented by Messrs. Lund, Blockley, and Carter.

ALBUMS of Royal photographs, the Empress of Austria would at one time never allow her Royal features to be committed to paper. Dozens of photographers applied for permission, were always refused, and it was not until some enterprising gentleman decided to stamp with a hideous caricature of the good-looking Sovereign that the Queen's vanity was touched and she relented.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, FEB. 3.

INTO the dreary dulness of existence, marked only by changes of weather—by days of fog, days of snow, days of slush, and days of rain—the re-opening of Parliament has infused a pleasant sense of awakened vitality. Now there is something to talk about besides our everlasting aches and influenzas—something going on in which we all have an interest—something to be done which sets the world of London in motion—something, too, to fill the papers and save us from horrors of police court gossip, inevitable when healthier matter fails.

***

What a programme of work the re-invigorated legislators have set themselves. It is a monstrous spring cleaning, which, with the magnificent self-confidence of ignorance in their untried powers, the new parliamentary brooms propose to get through in half the time taken by their predecessors. Meanwhile we look on with the harsh critical prudence of women, whose help is not asked nor advice invited, remembering how much is always left undone. The tubs, dustpans, and unremoved rubbish, against which we barked our shins after other house-cleanings that were to have been so thorough, but which ended only in additions to that pavement which is made up of good intentions.

***

In the new Parliament the cause of woman is not to be neglected. Mr. Walter McLaren will redouble his efforts to obtain recognition of women's right to be sent as representatives of the people to the House of Commons, while Mr. Stansfeld will look after their claim to seats on the County Council. During the week, the Society for promoting the return of women as County Councillors has been undergoing reconstruction, but it still confines its endeavours to the removal of their disabilities on the one Council only—a mistake, as women's presence is quite as essential on the proposed local parish and district councils, as on the central body; and the neglect to prepare for such contingencies means, in the present inconsistent state of the law, beginning a new battle for women's rights each time a representative board is created.

***

One of the minor sensations of the week in journalistic as well as political circles is the re-incarnation of the *Pall Mall* under the new title of the *Westminster Gazette*. Hitherto the name of Westminster has suggested—not the fitful feverish wire-pulling and the up-to-date journalism of the hour—but the sacred and blameless behind-handedness that is consistent with the custody of the dead and buried past. Now Westminster will be the bye-word of progress. The spirit of the *Pall Mall* having quitted for ever its frail body in Northumberland St., Strand, reappears vigorous and lively, in a new green coat, happily expressing the dominant ideas of the day, hygiene, and home rule, under the direction of Mr. Geo. Newnes, Tudor St., E. C. Besides a liberal allowance of political, social, commercial, theatrical, and sporting gossip the paper has a serial story after the *feuilleton* fashion so popular in France—a point which will commend it to women who enjoy something more than the ephemeral news of the day. Of the paper as a whole nothing uncomplimentary can be said. Its literary work is what the *Pall Mall* was in former days, spicy, bright—sometimes even pungent and sparkling. Its arrangement and type are excellent, but the colour and shape are not admirable. It is doubtful whether *eau-de-nil* or washed turquoise colour is restful to the sight, it is certain that the extremely narrow margins are trying to the artistic eye.

***

An event of unusual interest in the news of the week is the announcement that the wedding of the Duke of York and the Princess May will take place in London during the second week in April. In reply to her Majesty's invitation, the Emperor of Germany has promised to be present at the ceremony, which will be celebrated with unusual splendour, to make up for the long mourning and general depression. Not only the public who delight in a gay pageant, but trade which has been almost paralysed by the unprecedented dulness of the times, will appreciate the prospect of the royal festivities.

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The "to be or not to be" of the hooped skirt is still an unanswered question. Thousands are joining the "John Strange Winter" anti-crinoline league, which is as a crutch to the weak-kneed and a backbone to the lungs—something to brace them against the temptations and allurements of fashion. Meanwhile there are frocks in the show-rooms, which have a very decided tendency towards the balloon or barrel form so much appreciated by our mothers in the sixties. Bands of velvet, set rather wide apart like the hoops of a sherry cask, are the usual skirt trimming, the body also having a trimming of velvet, which follows the lines of an old style stomacher, and rises in high full epaulettes on the shoulders. But these hideous eccentricities have not yet been adopted. People are waiting for some official sanction before they commit themselves to wearing garments which may not take. In answer to the request of the anti-crinoline league to join their ranks, H. R. H. the Princess of Wales said "no." Not, of course, that she is an ardent admirer of the style, though she wore hoops when they were in fashion; but naturally the Royal Princesses must above all people be conventional.

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Very slowly the spring fashions in millinery are appearing in the ware-rooms. Though the old-fashioned coal scuttle bonnet has not made its way into general favour, mostly because the hard line of the brim is so trying to all but the very softest faces, the form of the coal scuttle modified and reduced to the smallest size compatible with remaining a bonnet is the leading idea of the new spring millinery. A very *chic* little model bonnet just arrived from Paris is made in coarse straw plait of different colours, the green tint prevailing. At one side a striking bow of moss green velvet edged with jewelled embroidery rises like a miniature yacht sail, while the front is composed of softly clustered roses—in the rich cool crimson colour dashed with purple blue which one sees in autumn roses drowned with rain—the fashionable tint of the season known in Parisian millinery argot as *aubergine*. Jet, jewels, naturalistic flowers, especially the purple blue aubergine roses enter into the composition of most of the bonnets. Even a brown chip bonnet, trimmed with nut brown and moss green velvet, has these moribund roses to give it character. Crocuses, purple and yellow, violets and daffodils, ivy, and a flower of a light blue like myosotis are intermingled with velvet trimmings of shades which a year or two ago we should have pronounced detestable, but which now—oh fickle fashion!—we look upon with tolerance, if not with rapture.

***

The rage for startling contrasts has spread from our faces to our finger tips. The newest gloves are black stitched with colours, and reaching only to the wrist where they are finished by two or three vandyked bands of alternate black and colour—a revival of a fashion of some years ago. To mourn in gloves of black kid stitched with white is also an evidence of fashion, if not of the profound grief which excludes interest in the frivolous details of dress.

***

It will be a pleasure to the possessors of old lace to hear of the revival of the fashion of wearing lace berthes and falls of antique lace at the neck and sleeves of evening dresses. An empire dress made of lilac soft silk with straight folds from the bust to the feet looked lovely with a fall of rich creamy lace round the low neck and elbow sleeves. A ribbon sash brought from the bust crossed at the back and then loosely tied in front—outlined the undulations of the figure, but did not compress it. But every one cannot wear empire frocks, regardless of whether their figures are stout or slim. Corney Grain tells us they are a sign of mind :—"These misjudged lasts," he says, "are evidences of very superior persons." But for our part we believe that it is not on the superiority of mind but on the slimness of body that the suitability of the empire gowns depends.

***

It is quite the fashion for fine ladies in Paris to pose as "savantes," and many of them go in their carriages to the famous Latin Quarter to sit, side by side with students of both sexes, at the free lectures given at the Sorbonne and at the College de France. Specially popular with such ladies are the lectures which M. Deschanel is now giving on "French Romanticists of the 18th and 19th Centuries." Long before the lecture begins the hall is crowded, and the lecture which is given without notes and with much humour and eloquence, evokes bursts of applause. The two last lectures on "Alfred de Musset," the hero of the Latin Quarter, and his brief romance with Georges Sand, were greatly appreciated. With few exceptions the lectures are quite free to the public—to women as well as men. Indeed, in many cases the ladies form the majority of the audience.

***

The Empress of Austria is a great linguist. When Hungarian Home Rule was established and Hungarian affairs came more especially to the fore, she determined that she would learn Hungarian, which is perhaps the most difficult of all European languages, not excepting Russian. The words have no resemblance to those of any other European language except Finnish, and the nouns are not only declined but even conjugated. Thus, "of the hat" and "to the hat" have two different endings, and then, again, "my hat," "thy hat," "his hat" have different endings also. In spite of all the difficulties, the Empress learned to speak Hungarian correctly in a very few months. Her teacher was a Hungarian lady who gave her riding lessons at the same time, and she, appropriately enough, learnt Hungarian, the language of a nation of horsemen—on horseback. Five years ago the Empress did not know a word of modern Greek, but to-day she speaks it fluently, writes it correctly, and is familiar with every poem, tale, and novel in the language. She is even a Greek authoress. Faithful to her plan of combining instruction with amusement, she took a Greek lawyer with her on her yacht, the Miramar, and had lessons from him every day.

HINGOLGADH IN JASDAN STATE.

It is surprising how often, wandering over the wild waste places of Kathiawad and Guzerat, you may light upon oases of singular beauty; small Edens, rich with the gifts of partial Nature, or the sedulous resources of Art; glowing with flowers, shadowed by luxuriantly-foliaged trees, and the more striking in their beauty for the fold of arid plains and stony knolls surrounding them. Such a spot is the garden-house of Hingolgadh. The approach from the east over miles of sandy, rutty roads, bounded on every side by a low horizon, hardly distinguishable from the flat fields or fallow wastes with which it ultimately blends in a haze of heat and dust, holds out no promise of the rich beauties of flower and tree awaiting the wayfarer in the summer pleasaunce of Ala Khachar, Chief of Jasdan, and most illustrious of the Kathi rulers of the present day. Facing the garden, on the plain, rises an imposing hill, on the crest of which stands the Gadh, or fort of Jasdan. In the stormy days which preceded the advent of the British power, the walls of such a fortress, situated in such commanding and inaccessible position, may often have stemmed the tide of war. The older Gadh, on the bastions of which it is easy to imagine the great Khachar Vajsur surveying a vast expanse of conquered country, planning fresh expeditions, and laughing at the threats of his enemies, it has passed away and not a vestige remains. A small white flag on a crooked bamboo marks the site of what was once the eerie of a mighty border warrior. As far as Dhanduka and Cambay the power of Vajsur extended; over all that wide tract the people paid him Pal, to protect them from weaker foes, and to abstain from harrying their flocks and devastating their villages. But as time went on the old order passed, giving place to the new, and there appeared in Kathiawad a greater power than any that had yet been known. Under the ægis of the British flag, the internecine wars which never ceased between Chief and Chief (Rajput, Mussulman, Kathi, and Mahratta fiercely contending for supremacy, and taking defeat to be the prelude only of new and more strenuous efforts), suddenly gave place to an universal peace. The stern and indisputable fiat went forth, that henceforward every man should dwell within his own borders, and enjoy without molestation or aggression what belonged to him. Under that mighty influence the wild practices of the past languished and died. No longer might the brave and ambitious chieftain enlarge the frontiers of his patrimony, and risk life and State upon the hazard of the sword. The daily foray, the delightful free-booting expedition, the midnight raid—not the fitful feverish wire-pulling and the up-to-date journalism of the hour—but the sacred and blameless behind-handedness that is consistent with the custody of the dead and buried past. Now Westminster will be the bye-word of progress. The spirit of the *Pall Mall* having quitted for ever its frail body in Northumberland St., Strand, reappears vigorous and lively, in a new green coat, happily expressing the dominant ideas of the day, hygiene, and home rule, under the direction of Mr. Geo. Newnes, Tudor St., E. C. Besides a liberal allowance of political, social, commercial, theatrical, and sporting gossip the paper has a serial story after the *feuilleton* fashion so popular in France—a point which will commend it to women who enjoy something more than the ephemeral news of the day. Of the paper as a whole nothing uncomplimentary can be said. Its literary work is what the *Pall Mall* was in former days, spicy, bright—sometimes even pungent and sparkling. Its arrangement and type are excellent, but the colour and shape are not admirable. It is doubtful whether *eau-de-nil* or washed turquoise colour is restful to the sight, it is certain that the extremely narrow margins are trying to the artistic eye.

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An event of unusual interest in the news of the week is the announcement that the wedding of the Duke of York and the Princess May will take place in London during the second week in April. In reply to her Majesty's invitation, the Emperor of Germany has promised to be present at the ceremony, which will be celebrated with unusual splendour, to make up for the long mourning and general depression. Not only the public who delight in a gay pageant, but trade which has been almost paralysed by the unprecedented dulness of the times, will appreciate the prospect of the royal festivities.

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The "to be or not to be" of the hooped skirt is still an unanswered question. Thousands are joining the "John Strange Winter" anti-crinoline league, which is as a crutch to the weak-kneed and a backbone to the lungs—something to brace them against the temptations and allurements of fashion. Meanwhile there are frocks in the show-rooms, which have a very decided tendency towards the balloon or barrel form so much appreciated by our mothers in the sixties. Bands of velvet, set rather wide apart like the hoops of a sherry cask, are the usual skirt trimming, the body also having a trimming of velvet, which follows the lines of an old style stomacher, and rises in high full epaulettes on the shoulders. But these hideous eccentricities have not yet been adopted. People are waiting for some official sanction before they commit themselves to wearing garments which may not take. In answer to the request of the anti-crinoline league to join their ranks, H. R. H. the Princess of Wales said "no." Not, of course, that she is an ardent admirer of the style, though she wore hoops when they were in fashion; but naturally the Royal Princesses must above all people be conventional.

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Very slowly the spring fashions in millinery are appearing in the ware-rooms. Though the old-fashioned coal scuttle bonnet has not made its way into general favour, mostly because the hard line of the brim is so trying to all but the very softest faces, the form of the coal scuttle modified and reduced to the smallest size compatible with remaining a bonnet is the leading idea of the new spring millinery. A very *chic* little model bonnet just arrived from Paris is made in coarse straw plait of different colours, the green tint prevailing. At one side a striking bow of moss green velvet edged with jewelled embroidery rises like a miniature yacht sail, while the front is composed of softly clustered roses—in the rich cool crimson colour dashed with purple blue which one sees in autumn roses drowned with rain—the fashionable tint of the season known in Parisian millinery argot as *aubergine*. Jet, jewels, naturalistic flowers, especially the purple blue aubergine roses enter into the composition of most of the bonnets. Even a brown chip bonnet, trimmed with nut brown and moss green velvet, has these moribund roses to give it character. Crocuses, purple and yellow, violets and daffodils, ivy, and a flower of a light blue like myosotis are intermingled with velvet trimmings of shades which a year or two ago we should have pronounced detestable, but which now—oh fickle fashion!—we look upon with tolerance, if not with rapture.

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The rage for startling contrasts has spread from our faces to our finger tips. The newest gloves are black stitched with colours, and reaching only to the wrist where they are finished by two or three vandyked bands of alternate black and colour—a revival of a fashion of some years ago. To mourn in gloves of black kid stitched with white is also an evidence of fashion, if not of the profound grief which excludes interest in the frivolous details of dress.

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It will be a pleasure to the possessors of old lace to hear of the revival of the fashion of wearing lace berthes and falls of antique lace at the neck and sleeves of evening dresses. An empire dress made of lilac soft silk with straight folds from the bust to the feet looked lovely with a fall of rich creamy lace round the low neck and elbow sleeves. A ribbon sash brought from the bust crossed at the back and then loosely tied in front—outlined the undulations of the figure, but did not compress it. But every one cannot wear empire frocks, regardless of whether their figures are stout or slim. Corney Grain tells us they are a sign of mind :—"These misjudged lasts," he says, "are evidences of very superior persons." But for our part we believe that it is not on the superiority of mind but on the slimness of body that the suitability of the empire gowns depends.

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It is quite the fashion for fine ladies in Paris to pose as "savantes," and many of them go in their carriages to the famous Latin Quarter to sit, side by side with students of both sexes, at the free lectures given at the Sorbonne and at the College de France. Specially popular with such ladies are the lectures which M. Deschanel is now giving on "French Romanticists of the 18th and 19th Centuries." Long before the lecture begins the hall is crowded, and the lecture which is given without notes and with much humour and eloquence, evokes bursts of applause. The two last lectures on "Alfred de Musset," the hero of the Latin Quarter, and his brief romance with Georges Sand, were greatly appreciated. With few exceptions the lectures are quite free to the public—to women as well as men. Indeed, in many cases the ladies form the majority of the audience.

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DEPARTURE OF THE 7TH DRAGOON GUARDS.

THE 7th (Princess Royals) Dragoon Guards (Black Horse), who are under orders for Egypt, sailed yesterday by the Royal Indian Marine Steamers Canning and Clive. The regiment left Muttra on the 16th instant, arriving at Deolalee on the 20th, where they encamped for two days. A detachment, consisting of 5 officers, 120 men, 20 followers, 9 horses, and heavy baggage, arrived in the Prince's Dock, on Thursday, about 6 a.m. The rest of the regiment conveyed by three special trains, arrived at the same place, yesterday morning, and was embarked on board the troopers which were lying alongside the shed. The troops on board the Clive will be in command of Colonel W. B. Creagh, and those on board the Canning in command of Major W. E. M. Rough. The regiment that left by the troopers, consisted of 22 officers, and 541 men, rank-and-file, besides 4 ladies, 5 children, and 11 soldiers' wives, and 20 children, and 299 horses. The regiment is expected to reach Suez, on the 8th of March, when they will disembark, and proceed by rail to Cairo. Prior to the regiment marching from Muttra, it was addressed by General Luck, Inspector General of Cavalry, who bade the regiment goodbye and God-speed. It also received a very flattering farewell order from General Nairne. The regiment received the final order for Egypt on the 11th instant, while on their march from Meerut, and had to do double march to get in time. The Guards had to do double march to get in time. The Guards had a little over nine years' service in India, arriving in this country from England on the 26th January, 1884. They proceeded to Mhow and remained there for four years, and then moved for Umballa, remaining at the latter place for the same period. From Umballa they went to Muttra, where they remained over a year, and had got their final orders to proceed to Egypt. The troopers left the Prince's Dock yesterday afternoon and proceeded on their voyage.

ONE of the largest orchestras in the world is at a prison in Pennsylvania. Here a nightly concert is given by an orchestra consisting of about 300 performers who never see one another. This prison is, perhaps, the only one in the world where the inmates are allowed to cultivate the art of music.

DURING 1892 the revenue derived from the 1½d. stamp placed upon patent medicines amounted to £3,40,062, an increase of £10,361 over the sum paid in the previous twelve months. The quantity of pills, lozenges, powders, and ointments represented by these figures, must be something enormous.

THE HYDERABAD PAMPHLET SCANDAL.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

HYDERABAD, FEB. 21.

THE hearing of this protracted case is at length showing signs of terminating, the case for the defence being almost complete. When the last witness for the accused has been examined, Mr. Rudra, counsel for Nawab Mehdi Hassan, will apply to his Worship, Mr. O. V. Bosanquet, for power to call rebutting evidence. If this claim is granted, the case will then enter upon a new phase of life, and it is impossible to say when it will conclude. Already the evidence recorded and the documents put in as exhibits make up an immense mass of testimony, and the work of writing a judgment on evidence that has taken seven months to collect, will be an unenviable task. The proceedings during the last fortnight have been confined to the cross-examination by Mr. Eardley Norton of the witnesses who were called by the prosecution to prove that the pamphlet was published on the 13th March, 1892, at the *Record* Press, Chudderghat. Further evidence was also called by the defence to prove that the statement by prosecution-witness that Mitra, the accused, was present on that day at the *Record* Press, and read and corrected the proofs of the pamphlet, was incorrect, and

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Possibly, writes a contemporary, it is not universally known that there now exists in London an "Omar Khayyam" Club, whose function it is to eternise once a year by a dinner—for it is a British Club—the memory of the learned Persian who, in the intervals of reforming his country's calendar, composed his immortal quatrains among the roses of Naishapur. The statutory feast took place on the 27th ultimo, writes a correspondent, the chair being taken by Mr. J. H. McCarthy, the latest of the poet's translators, and among the principal speakers were Mr. Edmund Gosse and Mr. H. G. Keene. Noted disciples, whose absence was deplored, were Mr. Walter Besant, Mr. Augustine Birrell, and Mr. E. H. Whinfield. The last named, formerly of the Bengal Civil Service, could probably have told the Club more about the object of their cult than any other man, for he has done much towards determining the text of Omar Khayyam, besides being the author of a metrical translation, which is both literal and readable.

News comes from Hankow concerning a disturbance which, it is feared, may be the beginning of a fresh series of riots. The rails of the small track at the Viceroy Chang Chitung's works at Wong-sheukong have been torn up, and some of the European employés stoned by the natives. It is understood that the Viceroy has sent soldiers to protect the Europeans.

Mr. C. Stolberg, late Traffic Manager of the Madras Harbour, whose services were summarily dispensed with in 1891, and who was refused a pension, appealed to the Secretary of State, with the result that he has been granted a pension of Rs. 60 per mensem, with retrospective effect from the 1st April, 1891.

Mr. J. L. Kippling, who has returned to Lahore, has been benefited, we are glad to hear, by his trip to the Antipodes.

The man Hoyle, who, after parading armed through the streets, made a disturbance in the Church at Delhi during the service on last Wednesday evening, was, upon the recommendation of the police, remanded on Saturday by the Deputy Commissioner. He will, for a few days, be kept under the observation of a doctor; and if he be found insane, which seems probable, he will be sent to the lunatic asylum, Lahore. Since his arrest the police have found out that he has twice been sent to a mad-house, on one of which occasions he was in the asylum at Colaba. By his own account he comes from Bedfordshire; and he is under the impression that he has been deserted by his wife and family, whereas there is nothing to show that he was ever married.

At weddings in England it is the custom to pepper the bride and bridegroom on their departure for their honeymoon trip with rice and old slippers. In China, or at all events in the Sam Ning District of Kwang Tung, another custom prevails. There, on the occasion of a marriage, the friends of the bridegroom usually play various pranks with the bride, such as pouring cold water on her, etc. A man named Cheung was married the other day, and one of his friends poured cold water on the bride's back, with the result that the bride caught cold and died. The bridegroom, says a Chinese paper, was then arraigned before the Court, which ordered the persons who occasioned the lady's death to pay dls. 200 to her family as consolation-money and to defray all the costs which would be incurred by the bridegroom when he married another girl.

It appears from the Administration Report for 1891-92, recently issued, that the districts of the Punjab furnished 4,426 recruits to the Indian Army during that period, 1,614 going to the Punjab Frontier Force, 2,379 to the Bengal Army, and 433 to other Presidencies. The total number of recruits in the year previous was 3,761. Sikhs, as usual, furnished the largest contingent, numbering 1,698 compared with 1,310 in 1890-91, followed by Rajputs with 1,061, which is 458 in excess of the number who joined the ranks the preceding year. There has been a considerable falling off of both Jat (other than Sikh Jats) and Pathan recruits for some reason. Only 310 of the former and 263 of the latter enlisted, against 474 and 362, respectively, in 1890-91; and although this may be regretted, the large and increasing number of Sikh and Rajput recruits is, on the other hand, a matter for great satisfaction.

Some idea may be formed of the enormous change which has come over the hitherto waste lands of the Gujranwala District and the Jhang Bar since Government resolved to encourage colonization there, writes the Lahore paper, from the fact that during the year ending 31st March, 1892, over 500 miles of watercourses had been constructed. Four hundred thousand acres of land are now ready for any colonists who may find themselves crowded out of such congested districts as Sialkot, Amritsar, Gurdaspur, Hoshiarpur, Jullundur and Lahore, from which agriculturists of a good class are, in fact, steadily immigrating. Squares have been laid down over the whole tract connected with the Chenab Canal project, *Mauzas* have been marked out, some allotted as forest reserves, and land in some fifty others has been given out to settlers. At the same time liberal provision has been made to allow for grants to native officers and soldiers. All that is wanted to complete this highly interesting scheme is a railway through the country thus transformed, and this will probably not be long deferred as the preliminary survey for one from Wazirabad to Mooltan is now about to be undertaken.

On Monday morning the engine of the mail train at Theydedung station, through, it is said, some bungling of the points, was derailed. Two carriages and three waggons were damaged, and seven persons were slightly injured. After a detention of five hours, the mail train was despatched. The jemadar of the pointsmen has absconded.

Reports of the disastrous effects of the severe winter in Northern China continue to be received. Although the heavy fall of snow has been welcomed by the farmer class, the unusual cold has been fatal to many of the poorer inhabitants of the Cities. At Nanking many people have been frozen to death, so many, indeed, that, according to a native paper, the charitable institutions find that their stocks of coffins, which are held in readiness to assist the poor, were soon exhausted and the coffin-makers had to work overtime to meet the demand. It is further stated that the books kept for the purpose by two charitable institutions only, out of over a dozen in Nanking City, showed that over 250 infants had been buried within ten days by these two institutions alone.

M. Haffkine, who is well-known as the evangelist of protective vaccination against cholera, the *Pioneer* hears, is on his way to India. He intends to stay for a year in this country, making Calcutta his head-quarters, and hopes to have opportunities of testing his method of inoculation on a large scale in those districts where cholera is endemic. A minute account of the method of preparing the cholera-vaccines is published in the *British Medical Journal* of February 4, written by Professor Wright and Surgeon-Captain Bruce of Netley, where, as stated in a former number of the *Pioneer*, M. Haffkine has recently been demonstrating his discoveries. M. Haffkine is a Russian by birth, and for some years past has been working in Paris in the Pasteur Institute. Cholera vaccination has now been proved to be absolutely innocuous and to be attended with less inconvenience to the patient than often happens in vaccination against small-pox. Those who are most acquainted with the ravages of cholera will be most ready to welcome this "Russian invasion," and we may legitimately hope that its result will be a triumph for the Muscovite.

The murderous attack on Mr C. G. Palmer, of the Public Works Department, at Agra, last week, says the local paper, threatened to be a complete mystery, inasmuch as there was no sign of the existence of any private grudge that would account for his being waylaid and attacked in so savage a manner; while race feeling does not in these parts run to the length of gratuitous resort to the *lathi* upon unoffending Englishmen. Further, while there was nothing to make it probable that Mr. Palmer had been deliberately tracked, it was also very unlikely that the ruffians if they had merely wanted to maltreat a "sahib" would have taken the trouble to wait about the roads at an hour of the night when no such person was at all likely to be passing, at any rate on foot. What then was the meaning and motive of the outrage? The police believe that they have hit upon a solution, which, though it looks improbable at first sight, falls in with the conditions of the case better than any other will do, and moreover has some circumstantial evidence to support it. It appears that about the same time of night as Mr. Palmer was walking home from the Club, a bunnia's house in the sudder bazaar was broken into and some ornaments together with a sack of *goor* abstracted. This sack was found abandoned on the spot where Mr. Palmer was attacked. Now putting together these facts with the circumstance that Mr. Palmer was wearing an ulster and cape, not unlike in the dark a policeman's dress, and that he was assaulted just at the spot where a police constable is usually on duty, there is a fair presumption that those who set upon him were the burglars making off with their booty, who, seeing as they thought a policeman in their way, calculated that by giving him a stunning blow from behind they would get off clear without the risk of a hue and cry. The vigorous resistance made by Mr. Palmer who, as soon as he recovered his legs, made for his assailants with his walking stick, exasperated them into renewing their lathi blows; but probably they were still in error as to their victim, for the old chowkidar, whose appearance on the scene was the signal for their flight, declares that he heard them cry as they took to their heels: "It is a sahib whom we have been bludgeoning." It is satisfactory to learn that the police have got such a clue to the offenders as will probably lead to the clearing up of the matter.

STRANDING OF THE S.S. SANTON.

The marine court-of-inquiry, consisting of Mr. C. P. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Captain W. Potts, Superintendent, Royal I. S. N. Company's docks, and Captain H. Blackburn, Master of the P. and O. Company's s.s. Teheran, resumed investigation regarding the circumstances under which the s.s. Santon stranded off the island of Havatebo Kabir, in the Red Sea, on the 3rd instant. Mr. Yorke Smith, acting Public Prosecutor, represented the Crown, and Mr. Brown, of Messrs. Brown and Moir, solicitors, appeared on behalf of the second officer, who was on watch when the Santon stranded.

Robert MacRea, able seaman, on board the Santon, being called and examined by Mr. Yorke Smith, said: I was at the wheel when the ship went aground. I went to the wheel at 4 o'clock in the morning. I believe I relieved Goorich, who gave me the course as S.½E. three-quarters East, and that course was steered by me as near as I could until the stranding of the vessel. The Santon did not steer very well. I was steering from the bridge. It was a clear morning. I think I made the course good that I was steering. The ship grounded at 5-5 a.m., a good ten minutes before which I saw land from the port bows. It was a low piece of land and looked black. The second officer was looking at it from his glasses, about five minutes before the stranding of the ship. He had given the course to me before the ship grounded. The vessel was going at full speed; but there was not a great shock when she grounded. The captain came up immediately after the stranding, and sent me to take soundings. I considered myself justified in steering the course straight on to the land, because there was an officer on the "bridge." The man on the look-out left at about 4-45 a.m. to get his coffee. He made no report to the second officer before he left. I left the wheel at about sixteen minutes to five to get my coffee, and returned to my post after being away for about seven minutes. When I was going away for my coffee I told the man on the look-out to go and have his coffee. The man on the look-out did not return before the ship grounded. The man on the look-out was Neill Campbell. It was customary to relieve the man on the look-out at the time he would desire to go for his coffee, but I cannot say why it was not done that morning. The order was given to me by the second officer to tell the man on the look-out to get his coffee. No order was given to me that the look-out man should be relieved.

Examined by Mr. Brown, witness said.—I took my coffee on the forecastle on that morning. When the captain asked me how long before the stranding of the ship I saw the land, I replied, I cannot say how long before that.

Basil James Ramsay, second officer, s.s. Santon, said that he held a certificate, granted by the Marine Court of Victoria, dated the 4th December, 1891. He joined the Santon, in October last, in South Australia. The last observation he took was on the 1st instant. Witness took time by one chronometer and the chief officer did it by the other. Witness knew nothing about the chronometers—as to whether they were correct or otherwise. The course was altered a little to the east, but why it was so altered witness could not say. When the captain left witness on the watch, he told him to keep a good look-out. During his watch the witness experienced fine weather, the moon was clear, but there were a few clouds here and there. Witness did not take any sounding. He entered the log in the watch-book. The chief officer relieved witness at mid-night. Witness gave him the course, and left instruction to keep a good look-out. Witness relieved the chief officer at 4 o'clock on the morning of the 3rd instant. The weather was cloudy; there was a light easterly wind. They were going from 7 to 8 knots per hour. There was a haze on the horizon. It was more cloudy at the time than at the time of the previous watch. At about 5 o'clock, he saw a thin dark line nearly ahead. He looked at it through the binoculars. He was informed the ship was grounded, and could not steer. Witness reversed the engines, and called the captain. Taking the sounding, witness made a report to the captain. Perhaps a couple of minutes before witness was informed of the stranding, he noticed the low black line on the horizon. He noticed no discolouration of water before the vessel struck. There were no breakers. During this voyage witness took no observation by the stars. He took no interest in the ship's position on the chart. He was never told not to look at the chart. They experienced moderate breeze from the time they left Deodulus to the time of the stranding. There must have been a current, but witness did not know if any measures were taken to ascertain whether there was a current. Witness did not know when Campbell left the "look-out." To his knowledge witness could not say if Campbell left the "look-out" at all. It was usual to relieve the man on the look-out when he went for his coffee. Witness did not tell MacRae, who was to relieve the man on the look-out. He thought Campbell would take his coffee on the "look-out." No report was made of the land by the "look-out." He could see the look-out man, from the bridge. Witness had been keeping a good look-out, he did not expect land, and he did not keep a look-out for land. The witness could account for the ship going aground in one way, namely, there was a strong south-west current. If the chronometer was correct, and if there was really a current, it could have been discovered on the noon of the 1st instant.

Neill Campbell, the man on the look-out at the time of the ship's grounding, being called and examined, said he was an able seaman. He went on the look-out at 4 o'clock. It was clear weather. The horizon was perfectly clear. He was called by MacRae who said at 4-45, "that will do look-out, get your coffee!" The ship grounded at 5 o'clock. Witness was in the forecastle at the time. After she grounded witness came up at once. He noticed no one there, but he believed the lookout was there and he had turned up on the deck a few minutes previously. Witness remained at the post until 4-45 a.m., when he left. The look-out man generally drinks his coffee in the forecastle. The witness never saw a look-out drink his coffee on the forecastle head. It was usual to relieve the look-out man for his coffee by a spare-watchman. It was usual to relieve the man on the wheel first and then taking his own coffee the spare watchman relieved the man on the wheel. During that week on Monday, Wednesday and the morning they went ashore, the look-out man was not relieved for his coffee.

John MacIlraith, the officer on watch at the time of the accident, being called and examined, deposed that the engines were going 61 revolutions, it would be a speed of nine knots per hour. He heard a noise at 5 o'clock, but it being of a very common character he paid no attention, until it was telegraphed "full speed astern."

George Popham, chief officer of the Santon, recalled and further examined, said that he took the time of the chronometers on board by the time ball at one o'clock that afternoon. He had done that in accordance with the direction to that effect given to him by the Court on the previous day. The No. 566 chronometer showed 8h. 24m. and 50sec. and the No. 5382 chronometer showed 8h. 15m. 21sec. He held himself responsible for the correctness of entries in the log to a qualified extent, namely, that as far as they were taken from the bridge-book. The course in the log was taken by the standard compass. The captain had never told him not to consult the chart, nor had the captain directly encouraged the officers to see the charts.

F. Smart, seaman on board the Santon, deposed to his having relieved MacRae at the "wheel" to enable him to get his coffee. But he did not see the "look-out" man leave his post.

W. Nelson, boatswain, called and examined, said I was on the forecastle head for a quarter of an hour smoking. I was not there to keep a look-out. I saw a faint line, and before I reported it to the officers we were grounded.

Captain J. Coull, recalled and further examined, said: The standard compass is not correct; and was six degrees in error on the westerly course I had been steering. The bearings of Deedalus was not entered in the book on account of an error of the chief officer, but I was myself on the bridge at the time of passing. I steered my course after allowing seven degrees westerly for the error, and had no means to ascertain our course on the chart by degrees. The vessel floated between a half-past twelve and a quarter-to-one and twenty minutes past one I was on my voyage. I steered on passing Havatibe Kabir for south 41° four hours at full speed and then for south-east by east. Then I steered for Jabulzugar and passed it at 11 a.m. on the 4th instant, when I sighted it, it bore very nearly ahead. The chief officer only entered height of chronometer. I was much annoyed at the accident, as no casualty had happened during my experience of thirteen years. I attach no blame to any body.

Mr. Cooper intimated that the decision of the Court would be delivered to-day (Saturday).

MR. GLADSTONE AS A DARING DINER OUT.

The London "Court Journal" says:—"Mr. Gladstone dines out with a regularity and daring that could not be excelled by a man of half his years. One who meets him often at these gastronomic tournaments says that Mr. G.'s participation in their enjoyments is by no means perfunctory. Some men past 60, still diners out, enjoy themselves under severe restrictions, daintily picking their way through the menu. Mr. G., past 80, is apparently under no such restrictions. He eats what comes, generally right through the menu, and can take his glass of port after his libation of champagne, a test from which many an ardent diner out would shrink. His mental activity is on a par with his physical vigour. His conversation is a never flagging flood, brimful of interest. If it were only possible to reproduce a verbatim report of his conversation at a dinner-party, where the personal surroundings are sufficiently interesting to excite him to talk, there would be produced a volume of interest, biographical, autobiographical, and historical. His memory is marvellous, and his power of graphically recalling an incident is the admiration of even the gentlemen behind the chairs." Mr. Gladstone is to be congratulated on possessing a perfect liver, not all men can say the same; the slightest overindulgence in eating or drinking is sufficient with some people to upset the liver and cause bilious attacks; these eventually lead to serious disease and make the sufferer's life one continual misery. Timely use of Clement's Tonic with an occasional dose of Dr. Fletcher's Pills will always cure the most serious cases, as shown by the proofs vouchsafed by Miss Lucy Lammond, New Plymouth, who writes:—"After many years of suffering, and travelling all over the world in search of good health, it gives me great pleasure to state that Clement's Tonic has done me more good than all the doctors, and all the baths, spas and massages I have known. My life has been one round of misery for the past seven years, owing (so the doctors said) to liver complaint. My head always ached, my limbs ached; I was always tired and languid, and I felt more tired in a morning than when I went to bed. I had sleepless and restless nights, and could get no relief. Three months back I came to New Zealand, and in my travels frequently heard and read of Clement's Tonic, and mother advised me try two or three bottles. I am pleased to say that it has done wonders. I never have headaches now, and I have only taken three bottles, but I feel wonderful dell stronger and better, and you have my heartfelt gratitude for your remedy."

NEW GIRLS' SCHOOL AT RADHANPUR.

At the opening of the New Girls' School at Radhanpur, on Monday week, a correspondent writes, among the gentlemen present were Colonel Scott, Political Superintendent, Palanpur; Mrs. Scott; H. H. the Nawab Saheb Bahadoor; Babis Nathoomia, Bhooramia, Ahmedkhanji Saheb; Khan Bahadoor Bawamia Dewan Saheb; Messrs. Dalpatram Chhaganlal, Sir Nyayadhis; Jethalal Bawabhai, Treasury Officer; Anandrao Trambey, Agency Head Clerk; Motilal Ratonji, Sheristedar; Vandravandas, Deputy Educational Inspector; Munshi Bawamia; and many others. At the outset was read by the Dewan Saheb of Radhanpur the speech on behalf of his Highness, setting forth the object and the importance of the occasion, and requesting Mrs. Scott to perform the opening ceremony. This done, the gentlemen then entered the new building, when Colonel Scott, Political Superintendent, Palanpur, read a reply. Translations of both the speeches were read by Messrs. Dalpatram Chhaganlal and Anandrao Trambey, respectively. The girls then read very interesting "gurbees," heartily thanking H. H. the Nawab Saheb and Colonel and Mrs. Scott. After this Mr. Pitamberdas Tribhovandas, of Ahmedabad, read an address detailing the public works of his Highness including the present arrangement for the abolition of Dan and the construction of the Scott Canal, &c., for the benefit of his subjects. Prizes were given to all the female students, and *pan-supari* and *attar* were then distributed after which the meeting dispersed.

The Nawab Saheb's speech was as follows:—"Colonel and Mrs. Scott and Gentlemen,—I request permission to say a few words on behalf of his Highness the Nawab Saheb, in connection with the opening of the Radhanpur Girls' School, for which we are all gathered together this evening. The education of girls is a desideratum nowadays felt in all parts of India, and it is truly felt, as the development of their mental faculties is essential to all domestic comforts and to make them fit wives and mothers. As mothers their educated minds may fitly train their children from their infancy and put them in path of virtue and wisdom. As wives they are capable of forming fit companies for their husbands, and in time of need they take the place of their counsellors. Not only this but the education of the female part is calculated to raise them individually in the social scale by improving their moral culture. Thus their education is invaluable, and H. H. the Nawab Saheb in recognition of its importance had long contemplated the opening of an institution, and had actually opened a model school for girls with a small number of students. Gradually, the number increased, and the necessity for a commodious and suitable building having been felt the erection of the present building was thought necessary. The foundation of the present building was, therefore, laid about the end of A. D. 1890 at the hands of Colonel Goodfellow and it being now completed only wants of opening to receive its inmates. I, therefore, request Mrs. Scott to kindly open the new building of the Radhanpur Girls' School."

Colonel Scott replied in the following terms:—"Your Highness, Ladies, and Gentlemen,—On behalf of Mrs. Scott I am instructed to say that it has afforded her much pleasure to assist at the interesting ceremony, for the performance of which we have all assembled here this evening. In our language we have a saying that there are none so blind as those who *will* not see; the advantages of female education are not only manifold, but quite patent also to all excepting those who wilfully shut their eyes and will not see when they have been alluded to by the Dewan Saheb in his address; and it would be superfluous for me to supplement his remarks, but if the people of Radhanpur can only be brought to see things with his eyes, there is no plea but that the institution, which H. H. the Nawab Saheb has been good enough to place within their reach, will be taken full advantage of. The attendance in the Girls' School, as it at present stands, is very fair, and I hope that the parents of the children will show their appreciation of his Highness' kindness by sending their girls in ever-increasing numbers to receive their education in the new school. What was felt to be an urgent want has been supplied by the liberality of his Highness, and looking at the interest, which both he and the Begum Saheb evince in the course of female education, I think and hope there is no need to apprehend any thing but prosperity for the new institution. Before sitting down I ask you all to join with me in wishing every success to the New Girls' School, and in hoping that it may fulfil in every way the end for which it has been erected."

BOMBAY RACES.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25.

1st Race.—3-15 p. m.—"The Cowasji Jehanghier Purse." Distance—R. C. and straight.

Aga Z Shah's g a g Governor, 9st 6lb, Ebrahim
Mr Farmer's b a g Magna Charta, 8st, A Ahmed
H H Aga Khan's b a g Bismarck, 9st 5lb, Gibbs
Captain Hanwell's b a g Bracelet, late Hadjeni, 8st 6lb, Pugh.

2nd Race.—3-45 p. m.—"The Forbes Stakes." Distance—2 miles.

Mr S Allarakhia's b a h Sultan II, 7st. 6lb, Saley.
H H Aga Khan's g a h Venture, 8st. 12lb, Gibbs.
Ali bin Ameer's b a g Turkish Flag, 10st. 8lb, Ebrahim.
Abdoola Faras' b a h Merrily, 8st. 10lb., T Kendall.
Abdoola Faras' ch a h Artist, 7st. 12lb., Noor Mahomed.

3rd Race.—4-15 p. m.—"The Esplanade Stakes." Distance—5 furlongs.

Mr J Dessaraj Urs' b a m Beeswing, 9st 9lb, Kendall
Mr Framjee Dorabjee's b a p Gazee, 9st. 5lb, Smith
Aga Jungli Shah's b a p Success, 9st 2lb, Pillai
Mr Cooverjee Ardaseer's b a p Raincon, 8st. 8lb, Ebrahim
Mr Woolmer's ch c m Mistletoe, 8st 8lb, Trahan
Mr S A W's ch a p Zouaf, 8st 2lb, Noor Mahomed
Mr Framjee Dorabjee's b a p Kaiman, 8st. 0lb, Duggan
Mr Hassan bin Budder's b a p Marquis, 7st 13lb, Pugh
Mr W Munford's b g Dilemma, late Allah, 7st 13lb, Gibbs
Mr Essau bin Khalifa's g a p Sir Francis, 7st 7lb, Lutchman.

4th Race.—4-45 p.m.—"The Corinthian Stakes." Distance—¾ mile.

Captain Chapman's b a gal Tip Top, 8st 7lbs, T Kendall
Mr H's g a g Sir Boots, 8st 2lbs, Ibrahim
Captain Le Galiais' b m Rozolia, late Gazelle, 9st 3lbs, Trahan
Mr Kirk's ch a p Mango, 7st 8lbs, Gibbs
Mr Woolmer's g a p Moonshine, 7st 10lbs, Pugh
Major Radcliffe's g a p Idol, 7st 2lbs, Jones.

5th Race.—5-15 p. m. "The Gaye Cup." Distance—1 mile.

Mr Esau Khalifa's b a c Rujub, (7st 2lbs), Pillai
Aga Koochiok Shah's b a h Barnum, (8st), Trahan
H H Aga Khan's b a h Gazelle, 8st 6lbs, Gibbs
Mr Framjee Dorabjee's ch a h Dick Turpin, 9st 6lbs, Smith
Mr S Allarakhia's ch a h Alert, 9st 6lbs, T Kendall
H H Aga Khan's g a h True Blue, 8st 6lbs, Gibbs
Mr W Stephen's g a c Avenger 8st 3lbs, Pugh
Mr H E A W's g a h Dameron 8st 3lbs, A Wahed
Mr Ali bin Ameer's g a h Kohinoor, 8st, Ebrahim
Mr Ali bin Taleb's g a gal Tigris, 7st 9lbs, Noor Mahomed

6th Race.—5-45 p.m. "All Horse Free Handicap." Value Rs. 500. Distance—5 furlongs. Entrance by 5 p.m., at the Grand Stand. Handicap to be published by 6 p.m., this day. Acceptances Rs. 25, which will constitute starting declarations, will be taken at 6-15 p.m. No race unless four starters.

Mr Woolmer's g a m Silver Queen, 8st 8lbs, Gibbs.
Mr Chamondi's b a m Whirlwind, 9st 12lbs, Kenwall.
Capt Ross' ch a m Shona, 8st 10lbs Ibrahim.
Aga Coochie Shah's ch a m Minnichaha, 9st 12lbs, Pugh.

7th Race.—"Mahalukshmi Stakes."
Aga Coochick Shah's ch a m Minnichaha, w c.

LOTTERIES.

The following lotteries on this day's races were held at Mahalukshmi yesterday evening:—

THE *Gate* CUP.

	Value of tickets Rs. 500
Dick Turpin	15
Rujub	70
Tigris	25
Barnum	55
Avenger	55
Kohinoor	35
H. E. A. W's Stable	140
Aga's Stable	45
Total Rs.	940

FORBES STAKES.

	Value of tickets Rs. 500
Sultan II	5
Abdoola bin Faras Stable	190
Turkish Flag	210
Venture	150
Total Rs.	1,055

ECLIPSE STAKES.

	Value of tickets Rs. 500
Framjee's Stable	20
Success	35
Beeswing	80
Dilemma	15
Mistletoe	10
Sir Frank	140
Marquis	20
Rangoon	75
Zouof	10
Total Rs.	905

By the kind permission of H. E. Lord Harris the Governor's Band will play during this afternoon's racing.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Feb. 23.

Friday's observations show a barometric rise in all parts of the country, except North-East India; the rise being from brisk to rapid in the Central and North-West. The pressure is highest in Northern India, and relatively low in the Peninsula and Burma. A series of feeble depressions are crossing the central parts of the country. The wind blows easterly in Bengal and the Gangetic Plain, and is variable elsewhere. The temperature has fallen in Bengal, but generally risen elsewhere. The mean ranges from 85 degrees at Tinnevelly to 49 at Rawalpindi, above the normal in Burma and Madras, and below in the other Provinces. A abnormal deficiency ranges from one degree in Bombay to eight degrees in the North-West Provinces and the Punjab. The maxima are very low in Northern and Central India, the deficiency exceeding 20 degrees in parts of Bengal and Simla. The maximum temperature yesterday was 32 degrees, and the minimum on the ground 18. Rain is general in the Punjab, the North-West Provinces, and Bengal; and has fallen in several central stations. Snow has fallen on the hills. The weather remains unsettled.

An interesting table has been compiled by a writer in *Cycling*, showing the "world's records for a mile" by twenty-five methods of progression. The most remarkable figures, perhaps, are those which point to the eclipse of the trotting-horse by the cycle, the famous Nancy Hanks's record of 2 mins. 4 secs. having been lowered on a safety bicycle by J. S. Johnson in September last and by W. W. Windle in October, their times, with a flying start, being 1 min. 56 3-5 secs. and 2 mins. 22-5 secs., respectively. The other records are as follows:—Railway train, 49 4-5 secs.; ice yacht, 1 min. 10 secs.; running horse, 1 min. 35½ secs.; torpedo-boat (with tide), 1 min. 50 secs.; torpedo-boat (still water), 2 mins. 5 1-5 secs.; safety bicycle (standing start), 2 mins. 5 3-5 secs.; tandem tricycle start, 2 mins. 7¼ secs.; steam yacht, 2 mins. 12½ secs.; skating (ice, with wind), 2 mins. 12 3-5 secs.; tandem safety, 2 mins. 14 4-5 secs.; ocean liner, 2 mins. 20 secs.; ordinary high bicycle, 2 mins. 23 2-5 secs., tricycle, 2 mins. 28 2-5 secs. tandem tricycle, 2 mins. 31 2-5 secs.; skating (ice), 2 mins. 39 secs.; skating (rollers), 2 mins. 50 2-5 secs.; running, 4 mins. 12¾ secs.; rowing (single sculls), 5 mins. 40 secs.; snow-shoes (running), 5 mins. 42½ secs.; walking, 6 mins. 23 secs.; snow-shoes (walking), 9 mins. 14 secs.; canoe, 9 mins. 29 secs.; swimming, 38 mins. 18 2-5 secs.

FEMININE FACTS AND FANCIES.

EXERCISE OR ANAESTHETICS.

A curious fact has been elicited by one of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the course of his visitations of lunatic asylums—namely, that female madness is increasing. The tranquil life of women, says Lady Violet Greville in the "Graphic," would seem to incline them rather to sad brooding and gentle melancholy than to violent mania, and we are not surprised to learn that love is the principal cause of insanity. Next come drink and religion in the lower classes; or indulgence in baneful drugs, such as chloral and morphia, in the upper classes. I am told that the delight of morphia-injecting is superlative. I have never tried it, being of the opinion that the only way to resist temptation is to fly from it; but while I pity its victims, I reserve my indignation for the doctors who counselled and the friends who permitted the formation of such a baneful habit. I believe that, as life grows greyer, duller, harder to bear, as we gradually lose the zest for pleasure, and grow old earlier, the appetite, the nervous necessity for stimulants and narcotics must increase till we reach the condition of Albert Delpit, who died unable to sleep without chloral and unable to live with it. The French are especial offenders in this respect; but all brain-workers, and everyone who lives hard, whether from pleasure or duty, must find himself at some time of his life in danger from anæsthetics. Possibly smoking is the least injurious way of calming themselves. Madame George Sand was a great smoker, but I am not aware that any of our English authoresses have followed the example. But for steadying the nerves and fortifying the health what can be compared to a good gallop? The quick motion through the air blows away the cobwebs of the brain, and generally predisposes to amiability. Riding men are, as a rule, capital fellows, and full of that strong vitality which is so precious to the sickly, overstrung dweller in the city. If instead of drugs and anodynes, women would resort to exercise, and especially horse-exercise, I feel sure they would suffer far less from nerves and fancies.

IF YOU WANT DIMPLES.

An observant American has discovered that performers on wind instruments generally develop dimples in their cheeks, caused probably by the frequent strain on the facial muscles, which are brought into play by the act of blowing. The clarionet, the flute, the cornet, the trombone, and the French horn are all said to be excellent factors in producing this little indentation so often vainly courted by artificial means. Perhaps this discovery of cause and effect may lead to its becoming fashionable for girls to play on wind instruments.

LIFE AT GIRTON.

A writer in the "Woman's Herald" describes life at Girton. The routine of the college day begins with prayers at 8 o'clock, followed by breakfast, which is cleared away at 9. From breakfast to luncheon the hours are generally devoted to private study, or attendance at lectures, either in college or in Cambridge. From 12 to 3 luncheon is on the table; at 4 o'clock tea is taken round, dinner at 6-30, and students have tea in their studies any time between 7 and 9. Breakfast, dinner, and luncheon are in hall, and all students are expected to enter their initials on a marking roll just outside the hall door three times a day—namely, between 8 and 9 a.m., between 12 and 3, and 6 and 7 p.m. They may not miss marking or be absent from lecture without permission from the mistress, and permission is necessary before accepting evening invitations. Students may entertain only lady guests, and may not go to college rooms in Cambridge without a chaperon. The afternoons are of course variously occupied. A good many lectures are given in college by lecturers, who come out from Cambridge. Students who are not engaged in attending them may be walking, playing lawn tennis, golf, hockey, or paying calls if they have friends outside the college. As a rule some part of the afternoon is given to study or attendance at lectures. After dinner, coffee parties, calls in college, business meetings of societies (such as the Lawn Tennis Club, Debating Society, etc.), fire brigade practices, and so on, take place. From eight to nine, as a rule, great quietude prevails in the corridors and great industry in the studies. At nine, tea-parties, readings, meetings of clubs (mathematical, classical), to read and discuss papers and so forth, generally begins, ending about 10, at which hour the lights in the corridors, library, reading-room, are put out. Practising on musical instruments is by a convention of the students forbidden, or allowed only during certain hours—namely, 7:30-9 a.m., 1-3, 6-7, and 9:10-30 p.m. The college debates, which take place two or three times in the term, generally begin at 8-15, and practically occupy the whole evening. To these and to the college concerts students may invite lady friends. Every student has two rooms (bedroom and study), communicating in most cases by mere means of folding doors; a few are divided by heavy curtains. The necessary furniture of these rooms is provided by the college; but such luxuries as pictures, book-cases, pianos, &c., are added by the girls themselves.

A MAN'S WOMAN.

It is not by any means the invariable characteristic of a man's woman, says the "Princess," that she is pretty. She may have a clever and witty tongue; but she is never sarcastic. She certainly has a frank and fearless manner, a touch of boyishness about her and an expression of face which are irresistible. This is specially true when she is young; but the boyishness never quite wears away. When she is middle-aged, or even old, she has a sympathy, the sympathy sprung of comprehension, for the rashness and vehemence and self-conceit of young people. She is always bright, ready for any adventure, and fairly athletic; good at walks and lawn tennis; it therefore goes without saying that she has excellent physical health. For this much may be fairly asserted of her. She is well dressed. You may perhaps find the woman's woman, dressed, as one regrets to confess it, in shapeless garments, of no particular colour, that hang at all angles, and haven't a pretty curve about them. But the man's woman is always pleasant to look at, pleasant as a whole, whatever the shape of her face or the regularity of her features. She is not generally a magnificent person; magnificence, like splendid beauty, inspires a respectful awe rather than that feeling of camaraderie which makes men and women friends. Her dress, however, is pretty; she is generally a practical person, too, with sensible ideas about cooking and the management of a house. Therefore, it is well that she should belong to the class of "women who marry." As for her failings—well, since she also is a woman, of course she has some; but it is hardly worthwhile to enter upon them here. Let us consider her only as a very pleasant person, for that she undoubtedly is.

QUEENS OF SONG.

When Madame Patti was wearing a new-worn crown she sang one evening at a conversazione, and was afterwards complimented on her singing by a little old lady with whose face she was not familiar, and who, to the diva's intense surprise, ventured a few gentle but very pertinent criticisms on the performance. Patti at once drew herself up, and asked in her chilliest manner to whom she was indebted for the criticism. "My name is Goldsmid now," replied the little old lady, "but before I married I was called Jenny Lind." Then Patti melted promptly, and they shook.

THE MUFF AND ITS HISTORY.

The earliest trace of the muff, says the "Princess," has been discovered, strange to say, not in some cold northern land, but in sunny Venice, towards the close of the 15th century. An old picture, dating from the time of Elizabeth, however, is said to exist, in which a muff is depicted. But this is a solitary instance, and no allusion to one occurs in any British writer previous to the reign of Charles, when the wearing of muffs suddenly became the fashion, not only with women, but with men as well. The earliest Continental muffs were usually concocted of silk or velvet, but the large Stuart mauchon was invariably of fur, tied round the middle with a brocaded or embroidered ribbon. Our great-grandmothers cut down their muffs as their great-grandmothers had done before them. As in Addison's day, a few specimens of extravagant dimensions lingered long in remote country districts; but with the advent of crinolines, even these at last vanished, and muffs everywhere grew small by degrees and beautifully less, and have thus continued up to the present date. Signs, however, are not wanting that the large muff will ere long be once again in the ascendant. Should short-waisted gowns win the day, it is tolerably safe to predict that we shall soon be wearing muffs as enormous as those of our great-grandmothers. A costume described in an old fashion book for 1798 may in all probability serve as a model for one in 1893:—A large bonnet, worn on the back of the head, forms a half-circle above the face: rich cord and tassels are its sole adornment. The gown, perfectly plain and without trimming, has a moderate train. The round bodice is neither long nor short. A scarf with long ends, nearly touching the feet, and a huge muff, which descends to within an inch or two of the knees, completes this simple and becoming costume.

FUR TRIMMING FOR EVENING DRESSES.

Fur, says the "Daily News," is frequently used as a trimming for evening dresses, with sometimes a very artistic result. So much depends on the wearer, her carriage, figure, and poise of the head, that modistes are chary of applying fur to models that may be purchased by any one. Any one may wear a fur-trimmed skirt, but the bodice is the crucial point. Meagre shoulders look more meagre still when brought into proximity with bands of rich beaver or sable, and a sallow skin suffers much from the neighbourhood of fur. Given, however, a tall woman with a finely modelled figure and clear skin, this sumptuous trimming may be safely applied, whether in bands crossing the shoulders and meeting in a point at the waist, or as edging the satiner velvet revers, which are now so largely adopted as giving the necessary breadth to the shoulders. A pale pink satin dress is bordered with beaver round the skirt, and the sleeves—of deep rose velvet—are gathered into a band of beaver round the arms. Wide revers in similar velvet are hemmed with beaver. A similar dress is carried out in pale pink satin, with green velvet sleeves and revers bordered with sable. A white satin dinner dress is trimmed with narrow bands of sable encircling the skirt, the 1830 bodice being made with a deep collar, also in white satin, and bordered with a band of sable. Wherever the fur appears it is surmounted by a band of glittering silver embroidery, which forms a brilliant contrast with the rich, deep tones of the dark-brown fur.

THE MARIE ANTOINETTE STYLE.

The Marie Antoinette style of dress, says the "Daily News," is very much worn at present by those ladies who lead the modes. The loveliest of brocades, the softest of satins, and the most sumptuous of embroideries and passementeries are used for them. They are, of course, in direct opposition to the short-waisted Empire gowns, but so great is the latitude